State Library 30jun1901

THE CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD, MARCH, 1866. "Liberty and Union, One and Inseparable."—WEBSTER. TERMS: $2.00—$1.50 IN ADVANCE.

VOL. 36. EMPORIUM, PA., THURSDAY, AUGUST 22, 1901. NO. 26.

Our Spring Clothing

Has arrived and we are ready for the Spring and Summer campaign.

During the past few months we have almost entirely closed out all left-over stock, therefore start in with an

Entirely New Stock.

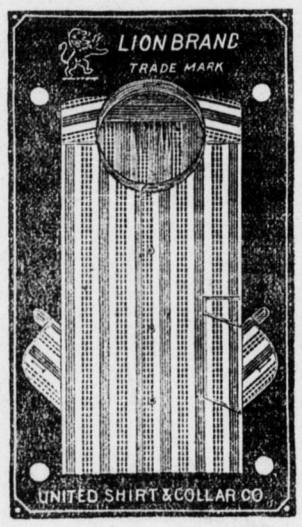
READY-MADE CLOTHING, (Stylish make.)

ELEGANT LINE of FURNISHINGS,

TRUNKS, SATCHELS, &c.

We are agents for the LION Brand Shirts and have recently received a very fine assortment of these celebrated

$1.00 SHIRTS.



They Are Beauties.

We continue to keep the.

MAC HURDLE DRESS SHIRTS.

We want every citizen of this county to call and inspect our present stock, feeling assured that you will be pleased

R. SEGER & SON,

Next to Bank, Emporium, Pa.

SEE THE

New Arrivals

FOR 1901!

Without a doubt the largest, high-class, popular manufactures of Cloths ever brought into Cameron county, at

R. SEGER & COMPANY'S.

We have taken especial care in the selection of our goods and propose giving our hundreds of customers.

HONEST, WELL-MADE GLOTHING AT LOWEST LIVING PRICES.

Every dollar's worth of goods must give the wearer satisfaction. We desire all who intend purchasing a suit of clothes this spring to file their orders early, that care may be given to every customer, no matter whether you want a $15 or $40 suit.

R. SEGER & CO.

Opposite M. E. Church.

AFTER THE BATTLE

Some are found bleeding and sore, while others have a fit of the blues. Now if there should be any so unfortunate as to suffer from the effects of accidents we have the Balm for their pains and aches, let it be ther for man or beast.

Our liniment and powders for horses & cattle are always the best.

Our medicines are pure and always get there. The prices are right too.

Our patent medicine department is supplied with all the standard remedies and we can supply your on short notice.

Our toilet and fancy goods department we keep up to the times.

Our Prescription department receives our closest attention and all calls answered day or night. Just touch the button. In fact we are here to do business and serve the public.

M. - A. - ROCKWELL,

THE PHARMACIST,

WALL PAPER!

We have as fine a stock of wall paper as can be found in this county. The designs are all this spring's styles and the prices we are offering these handsome prints at are wonderfully low. We are determined to dispose of this stock.

CARPETS AND MATTINGS.

It is time to replace that old carpet of yours with a new one Our line of carpets is the most handsome we have ever had and are admired by all who have seen them. We have held the carpet trade of this county for a number of years and our low prices and fair treatment have been steadily making this store the most popular.

We also have a very pretty line of mattings.

LACE CURTAINS.

Although the spring season has been somewhat late this year, our sale of curtains has been large. We have some excellent values yet in stock. All wishing good curtains at a low price should call.

M. C. TULIS.

The Banquet.

The interior of the Emporium Opera House presented a most brilliant and beautiful sight last Wednesday evening when the ladies of the Emmanuel Episcopal church served an elegant banquet to the assembled delegates and visitors to the Firemen's convention. The occasion was enlivened by the delightful music of the Repasz Band of Williamsport. A. C. Blum officiated as toastmaster and a large list of spicy and interesting toasts were given. The visiting delegates pronounced it the finest affair of the kind they had ever attended which reflects great credit upon the ladies of the Emmanuel Guild.

Another "Bucktail" Gone.

F. A. Magee, one of the older residents of Kane and a survivor of the famous "Bucktail" regiment of the Civil war, died at his home in Kane on Friday last aged 77 years. Funeral services were conducted on Monday, mass being said at St. Callistus church, in Kane, in the morning and the body taken to his former home at Crown on the 9.30 a. m. train, where another service was held. Comrades Milton Craven, Lucious Rogers, David Howells, Geo. Griffith, Joshua Davis and J. O. Delp, of Chas. J. Biddle Post G. A. R. served as pall bearers and accompanied the body to Crown where the service at the cemetery was in the regular G. A. R. form —Kane Leader.

Faithful Unto Death.

Williamsport Grit.

Sharon, Aug. 16.—Last week mention was made in Grit of the death funeral party of Father James Brennen of Sharon. A number of years ago a marvel at the devotion and faithfulness of the dead priest's dog, which proved himself one of the most sincere mourners of the funeral party. A number of days ago a strange dog appeared around the parsonage and although Father Brennen tried to chase him away, the visitor would not leave. Finally one night he aroused the sleeping priest in time to frighten away several burglars, who had gained partial entrance to his house. The dog won himself a home by that act, and ever since was taken care of at the parsonage. At the funeral the little fellow was almost human in his respect to his dead master. Following the casket from the parsonage to the church, he sat outside on the steps until the services in the church were finished. When the cortege started on its way to the cemetery, four miles away, the dog took a position under the hearse and followed to the burial ground. Once on the way he left the procession to get a drink, and hurrying back he passed all the other carriages until he arrived at the hearse, where he took his former position. When the services were commenced at the grave the dog crowded his way through the party of chanting priests and mourners to the brink of the grave, where he stood and faithfully watched the lowering of the casket, keeping his eyes riveted on it until it disappeared beneath the earth. The services concluded, the mourners passed away from the grave, and as the last of them slowly left the deserted burying ground, the last look was taken, not at the newly made grave, but at the faithful and grieving dog, which lay alone and appearently heartbroken, his head resting on the mound of earth which separated him from his master. On Tuesday Mr. S. S. Filbert and Dr. Van Oresdale went to the cemetery, and there found the faithful dog lying dead on his master's grave.

Union Meeting.

Mrs. Carrie W. Sisson, of Towanda, Pa., will give a Gospel Temperence and Prohibition Recital at Presbyterian church, Monday evening, Aug. 26, 1901. Mrs. Sisson is endorsed by pulpit and press as an elocutionist and temperence advocate of rare merit. She holds her listeners spell-bound during the entire program with her excellent finished selections. All are invited. A collection will be taken.

For Sale.

The Emporium Opera House is for sale at a reasonable price for spot cash, or negotiable paper. The only play house in the county, with a seating capacity of 1,000, size of room 50x100; stage, 50x22, stage opening, 24x22. Fully equipped. Natural gas light and fuel. Will be sold at once to close an estate. Apply to

J. W. CLARKE,
23tf Emporium, Pa.

Off for the Conclave.

The following jolly crowd of Knight Templars will leave the first of next week for Louisville, Kentucky, where they will attend the trienniel conclave of the Knight Templars of the U. S. E. C. Davison and wife, O. B. Barnes and wife, U. A. Palmer and wife, E. W. Gaskill and daughter, G. J. LaBar and wife, Joseph J. Earle and wife, Dr. A. W. Baker and wife, Leroy Gleason and wife, of Driftwood, John E. Smith, of Sterling Run.

State Ticket Nominated.

HARRISBURG, August 21.—Judge William P. Potter, of Pittsburg, was nominated for Supreme Court Judge and Representative Frank G. Harris, of Clearfield, for State Treasurer, by today's Republican State convention. Their's were the only names presented and the nominations were made by acclamation. Judge Potter was appointed to the Supreme bench one year ago by Governor Stone, whose law partner he was, to succeed the late Judge Green, of Easton. Mr. Harris is serving his third term in the Legislature, and his nomination is regarded as a recognition of his loyalty to United States Senators Quay and Penrose.

Found Dead in Bed.

Last Tuesday evening a man registering as J. F. Dugan, of Eldred, Pa., arrived on the evening train, from Buffalo, and was assigned a room at the Warner House, as he did not put in an appearance the next morning his room remained undisturbed till late in the afternoon when the hotel clerk upon going to the room was horrified to find that the guest was dead in bed.

Coroner Baker was immediately summoned and an inquest was held, the jury returning verdict to the effect that the deceased had met his death by reason of an overdose of morphia. From papers found upon his person it is believed that the party is not J. F. Dugan of Eldred but Chas. F. Dunham of Bolivar, N. Y. It was learned at the inquest that on the evening of his arrival here he had purchased seventy two grains of morphia at one of our drug stores and as none of the drug could be found in his room or about his person it is believed he took the entire quanty purchased, at one dose thereby causing his death.

Coroner Baker is endeavoring to locate the relatives of the dead man and if no replies are received by this Thursday afternoon the remains will be interred in Newton Cemetery.

The Convention.

The seventh annual convention of the Northwestern Pennsylvania Volunteer Firemens' Association which was held here on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of last week was a success in every way save perhaps in point of attendance. The inability of some of the departments to secure special trains, and the inclement weather, being responsible for some companies of the association not being able to be present.

We believe our citizens did themselves proud in the splendid manner in which they furnished accomodations and entertainment for the fire laddies, and the Executive Committee of which C. W. Shaffer was chairman, as well as all the auxilliary committees deserve great credit for the masterly way in which all the appointments conducive to the Convention's success were carried out.

The various prizes were awarded as follows:

In the hose, hub, and hook and ladder races the running team of the Emerald Hose company of Ridgway carried off the first prizes.

The prize for the best drilled company was awarded to the West Branch Hose company of Renovo.

The West Branch Hose company and the Coudersport Fire Department carried off the first and second prize respectively for being handsomest uniformed and upon their general appearance in parade. In this latter contest all the Emporium companies by rules of the association were barred from competing.

The St. Marys fire department was awarded first prize for having largest number of men in line, in the parade.

The visiting firemen were a gentlemanly set throughout and should they come this way again will be royally welcomed by our people

Literary Prize Contest.

Answer to question number 10:—Ladies were first introduced in the Court of France during the reign of Francis I. The king said:—

"Like a year without a spring,
Or a spring without flowers,
So is a Court without ladies."

Query No. 11:—Who are the three greatest literary geniuses that the world has ever produced?

Send your answer to Box 163 Emparium, Pa., and get the prize offered by the Emanuel Free Reading Room.

Local Necrology.

WHITMER.

Capt. Israel P. Whitmer, long a respected resident of this place, died at his home on West Sixth street last Thursday morning at the age of 70 years. The recent death of his wife had a very depressing effect upon him and doubtless hastened his demise. He insisted that he would not long survive her and while everything was done by his family to alleviate his sufferings and render his condition comfortable the end came all too quickly. His regard for the various members of his family was tender and the severance of this tie was the source of his greatest trouble. He was always a useful citizen and enjoyed the confidence and regard of a large circle of neighbors who mourn his departure.

At the outbreak of the civil war Captain Whitmer was a resident of Michigan, and a man of considerable means, who demonstrated his love for his country by organizing and equipping at his own expense a full company of volunteers, lead them to the front where they rendered active service in several engagements.

The funeral services were held from his late home last Saturday at 2 p. m. and were conducted by the Rev. O. S. Metzler. Members of the G. A. R. acted as bearers and performed the ritual of their order at the grave.

‡ ‡

FENTON.

After a lingering illness of several weeks, occasioned by an attack of paralysis, Mrs. A. C. Fenton passed peacefully away at her late home on East Allegany avenue last Sunday afternoon, aged sixty-five years. Deceased had been in poor health for some time but even in her feeble condition she demonstrated wonderful vitality; her prolonged resistance to the fatal attack being almost phenominal for one of her advanced age.

The funeral took place at the family residence on Tuesday morning, Rev. Robt. McCaslin officiating. An impressive discourse from the text, "And at evening time there shall be light," was delivered, at the close of which she was borne to her final resting place in Newton cemetery to repose beside the remains of her late husband. Six of her lifelong friends and neighbors acting as bearers.

Adeline Miller Fenton, the subject of this article was born in Thompkins county, N. Y., on April 10, 1836, and in June, 1855 was married to Amos C. Fenton. Soon after their marriage they removed to Emporium, where she has resided ever since. Mrs. Fenton was one of the pioneer residents of this county and was thoroughly familiar with the stirring and eventful scenes of those early days of Emporium's history,

She is survived by one daughter, Mrs. G. F. Balcom of Emporium, and three sons, E. M., of Stanton, Iowa and J. M. and A. C. of this place.

The deceased was a woman of refined tastes, a retiring disposition and led an exemplary christian life, and in closing this brief sketch we can only add that her life is her noblest tribute and fittingly say of her as was said of another, "The world is better because she has lived."

‡ ‡

LUCORE.

It is with a sense of deep regret that we are called upon to chronicle the death of the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Marcus Lucore, which occurred on Sunday.

Brief funeral services were conductducted at the house by Rev. O. S. Metzler on Monday afternoon at close of which interment was made at Sizerville.

Passed Worthless Checks.

Last week a man giving his name as Wm. F. Parker persuaded Peter Shoup to cash a check of ten dollars for him and on the same day Mr. R. M. Overhiser accomodated the stranger by cashing a check for him of five dollars.

The checks were drawn on the First National Bank of Emporium but before issuing the checks above mentioned it seems that Parker had withdrawn the balance of his account from the bank and upon the checks being presented for payment it was learned that there were no funds in the bank in the name of Wm. F. Parker. It was also learned that Parker had left town and could not be found. Warrants were quickly sworn out for his arrest and no doubt he will soon be given an opportunity to explain his actions to the court.

Mr. Joseph L. Emery, of Westport well known to many of our citizens, died at the above named place, yesterday.

WEATHER REPORT.
(Forecast by T. B. Lloyd.)
FRIDAY, Fair.
SATURDAY, Probably fair.
SUNDAY, Showers.

LOCAL NOTICES.

NICE furnished rooms to rent near the school house. Apply at this office. 36-3t.

A fine lot pigs for sale apply to J. P. Bingeman.

All kinds and grades of carpets at LaBar's.

New stock of Window Shades in all grades and prices at H. S. Lloyd's.

Subscribe for the PRESS; only $1.50 a year in advance.

See those Wilton velvet and Axminster carpets in LaBar's window.

Gloss enamel paints and varnish stains to match your wall paper, at H. S. Lloyd's.

Large stock of Wall Paper at 3c per roll and border at 1½c per yard at H. S. Lloyd's.

N. Seger has the largest and best line of Gents furnishing good in this county call and see them.

Canned Pine Apple in chunks, packed in Singapore, at Balcom & Lloyd's.

Rich and poor can be suited with carpets at LaBar's.

Just received at Balcom & Lloyd's "Salada" Ceylon Tea. Wholesome and delicious.

CARPETS—CARPETS.—Ninety different patterns to choose from. All new and up-to-date. Call in and see them whether you want to buy or not; no trouble to show goods.

GEO. J. LABAR

Zinc and Grinding Make
Devoe Lead and Zinc Paint wear twice as long as lead and oil mixed by hand. tf

We can convince you of a saving on wall paper of from 25 to 50 per cent. Examine our stock and get our prices.
H. S. LLOYD.

We buy our wall paper direct from the factory and thereby save the jobber's profit. We give this profit to you when you buy your wall paper of us.
H. S. LLOYD.

PAN-AMERICAN.—Mrs. F. W. Raikes, who is located at No. 59 Robie Avenue, Buffalo, N. Y., will furnish sleeping accommodations. Terms, $1.00 per night. Ten minutes walk to Park entrance.

Now that the firemen's convention is over and everybody has again resumed business in the old way, we will offer some big bargains in our summer clothing. It will be to your advantage to call and look them over.
N. SEGER.

SHAW'S PURE MALT—The sick and delicate need a gentle tonic-stimulant. It is often a matter of life and death with them.
The ideal nutriment and restorative is SHAW'S PURE MALT.
Sold by F. X. Blumle, Emporium, Pa. n2-yl

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE—All gentlemen who have obtained clothes from me under very good promises, within the past four years, and failed to live up to those good promises, will please be kind enough to come and settle said claims within sixty days from this date or suffer the consequences. Each one of those good promisors will get a separate notice of their account.
Very respectfully.
JOHN EDELMAN.

P. S.—Thanking all good customers for past favors and hoping to continue with them in the future.
J. E.
East Emporium, Pa., Aug. 21, 1901.

FOR SALE:—The lot and store building now occupied by B. McOwen & Co., at the Sterling Run Tannery, together with all permanent fixtures, counters, shelving, refrigerator, etc., belonging thereto; also all movable fixtures and stock of goods on hand. Possession to be given on or about October first, next. If desired will sell building and permanent fixtures separately in case purchaser desires to remove building. Apply to,
J. H. DESMOND, FOR B. MCOWEN & Co.
Sterling Run, Cameron Co., Pa., Aug. 5th, 1901. 24-3

Established Business For Sale.

On account of the death of one of the firm the well-known hardware business of Walker, Howard & Company, at Emporium, Pa., is offered for sale, including stock and building or to suit purchaser. Apply to
WALKER, HOWARD & Co.,
8tf. Emporium, Pa.

POPULAR HOTEL PROPERTY FOR SALE—The well known Sizerville Hotel, located at Sizer Mineral Springs, six miles from Emporium, on line of Pennsylvania R. R. is offered for sale at a bargain, including the furniture. Possession will be given immediately. The Hotel may be rented by proper person. This property includes the mineral spring and water privilege, which can be made one of the most attractive resorts in the country. Apply to H. W. Martindale, Sizerville, Pa., or my attorneys, Green & Shaffer, Emporium, Pa. 23-6t

EASTMAN'S KODAK

You can carry it in your hands, on your shoulder, in your pocket or on your bicycle. You press the button and the Kodak will the rest.

"A Dollar Saved, is a Dollar Earned."

We can save you lots of dollars by buying your Wall Paper, Curtains and Paints of us.

H. S. LLOYD.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

Crowded Medical Profession.

The Journal of the American Medical association is of the opinion that there is a surplus of doctors in the United States, and regrets that the surplus is increasing. There is now one doctor to every 600 of population. As this is not on the whole an unhealthy country, one physician ought to be able to look after the aches and pains of 1,000 ordinary people. Wherever more men are employed to perform any kind of service than are actually needed, either the community has to pay too much for services rendered or some of the men employed must be unable to make more than a bare living, if they make that. According to the Journal 1,600 doctors die yearly, in spite of their skill, but almost 6,000 are born. The medical colleges, although the requirements are severer than formerly, are turning out 6,000 graduates a year. If this keeps on, how long will it be before there is one doctor for every 100 of the population? Then societies will have to be organized for the relief of starving M. D.'s It is odd, remarks the Chicago Tribune, that so many young men should wish to study medicine when there are so many doctors, and when the physician has to face the competition of faith healers and prayer healers. Probably the oft-quoted statement that "there is always room at the top" in an overcrowded profession is responsible for the existence of numbers of poor lawyers and doctors. Nearly every young man who is about to begin the study of medicine is convinced that he will reach the top and will get the big fees for surgical operations or medical treatment that he reads of. Perhaps he will, but the chances are about two thousand to one against him. This is a point which medical colleges, naturally enough, do not impress on students. They do not endeavor to discourage the young men who are willing to pay them money for an education. But it would be a kindness to many of these, and to the community generally, if the authorities of medical colleges would tell many of their students that while "there is always room at the top," they never will get there nor half way there—but will remain near the bottom, where it is always overcrowded, and hence ought to drop medicine and turn to something else.

A Striking Contrast.

One of the members of the United States geological survey recently called attention to a striking contrast in the development of the country lying on each side of the boundary line between Oregon and Idaho. In southwestern Idaho, near Boise City and the state line, there is a considerable section well developed by irrigation. Owing to the combined advantages of the rich character of the soil, the favorable conditions of the climate and irrigation, this district contains some of the best fruit-growing country in the world. Just on the other side of the state line, in Oregon, along the Malheu and Owyee rivers exactly the same conditions exist—rivers, soil and climate—with the exception of the application of water to the land by irrigation, the vital condition. In consequence this section, though but a few miles distant from the other and just as capable of high development, is a desert country. Here is the whole important question of irrigation in the arid west in a nutshell, with it, homes, farms and industry; without it, a desert.

Enterprising game dealers in the west are said to be arranging a storage trust of quail. Several states have adopted laws forbidding the slaughter of Bob White for two years, and these men are preparing to accumulate big stocks of the birds before the protective laws go into effect. They expect to control the prices of quail in the principal cities of the country for a considerable period.

A recent dispatch from Raleigh, N. C., announced the final decision of the will case of Mr. Ice Snow. The dispatch also mentioned the names of other members of the family as Hail Snow and Rain Snow. In the same connection other curious names of people living in North Carolina were mentioned, namely, Sharp Blunt, Sink Quick and Early Dawn. Such names are funny.

THEY ARE CHANGING.

Signs of a Shift in the Democracy on the Expansion Question.

Is the democratic party preparing to change front on the expansion question? The signs of the times indicate that it is. Editorials in democratic newspapers and incidental remarks by party leaders all point that way. It is true the Ohio democratic convention, in repudiating Bryan and Bryanism, declared against the annexation or retention of territories "that imperil our national safety without promoting our national welfare," and announced that the democratic party always has opposed and opposes now any expansion of the national boundaries not meant to carry speedily to all inhabitants full equal rights with ourselves. But it was apparent a week after the convention that this guarded statement of policy was not to be accepted by party leaders in other states.

A newspaper supposed to speak for the democratic party in Illinois says that democratic reluctance to deal courageously with the question of expansion is due to the fact that the party is in opposition; that if democrats were in power in Washington they would have a policy in regard to newly-acquired American territories which would be in harmony with the practice of the party in the past; that, as the case stands, democrats have fallen under the influence of a respectable but undemocratic element which is of the same caliber as the class which "during the 60 years of democratic supremacy resisted every stride which the republic made toward its natural and inevitable development."

Just so. That is what republican leaders said in 1898 and in 1899. Roosevelt said very much the same thing in 1900. Democrats who voted for McKinley on "the paramount issue" last year insisted that expansion was not a party question, but an American question. And yet 6,000,000 democrats voted against the traditional democratic policy, simply, as the party organ now explains, to be in opposition.

But the organ goes further and insists that the democratic party shall announce an expansion doctrine which "they will not find in the wails of the ancient federalists nor in the emotional cries of the anti-imperialists of this day," but in the ordinance of 1787. Of this it is said: "It is an interesting fact that the government of the northwest territory, which sufficed for thousands of Americans for many years, was as arbitrary as any which has been established of late in the new possessions of the United States."

Two years ago such statements were common in republican newspapers. Now they are appearing in the standard democratic newspapers. If they mean anything they mean that the democratic party is endeavoring to execute that most difficult of maneuvers, a change of front in the presence of the enemy. They mean that the anti-expansion movement of this day has failed as utterly as did those of the past.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

DISGUSTED WITH FREE TRADE

The Protection Policy Is Coming Into Favor with English Journals.

The economic policy of free trade, which in this country has found its apologist in the democratic party, has been fought off in the United States by the arguments of facts and by the facts of ballots. Great Britain has been the standing illustration used by free traders, but Great Britain is getting the tired feeling over that once-vaunted policy. So conspicuous a journal as the London Daily Express openly declares for protection, and presents arguments therefor which will be particularly interesting to Americans because, when presented by the republican party, they have been accepted as the basis for the protective policy of the United States. The London Express says:

The protective policy is worthy of support:

1. Because there is no such thing as free trade, and other nations refuse to admit our merchandise free into their markets.
2. Because, under the aegis of protection, other nations have developed industries which would not have been developed, or not to such an extent, had they granted free admission to foreign manufactures.
3. Because by so doing these other nations have become wealthy and self-supporting communities.
4. Because England's industrial supremacy has vanished and her prosperity is gravely threatened under her free import system and under the attacks of protectionist nations, which attacks must be met by counter attacks.
5. Because economic self-containment, particularly in the matter of food supply, is a necessity to the well-being of any nation, and in this country can only be secured by a return to protection.
6. Because the experience of other nations shows that manufacturing greatness and a big foreign trade are not incompatible with protection, even to agriculture.
7. Because the national revenue can best be raised from import duties.
8. Because a customs union will, as nothing else will, draw the empire together and promote the mutual prosperity and loyal cohesion of its component parts.

Those who remember the great tariff debate between Blaine and Gladstone will observe with special interest the signs that the country of Gladstone is beginning to approve the policy of the party of Blaine. Every such indication is a renewed tribute to the wisdom of American institutions as conducted by the republican party and an added condemnation of the suicidal policy which the democratic party would have fastened upon this country.—Troy Times.

☞Those papers that were calling Mr. Bryan "the peerless leader" a year ago are not warranted in turning their praise into ridicule by putting the words in quotation marks.—Indianapolis Sentinel.

MARYLAND'S MAIN ISSUE.

To Disfranchise All Colored Voters Who Vote the Republican Ticket.

"We declare again," said the democratic national convention in its Kansas City platform, "that all governments instituted among men derive their just powers from the consent of the governed; that any government not based upon the consent of the governed is a tyranny." This was the paramount issue, and the democrats of Maryland make it still a paramount issue, but with an exact reversal of partisan position that would bewilder and stun any foreign gentleman who was trying to get a line on American politics.

They say that peace, good order, their personal safety, the proper development of their material interests depend "upon the control of the commonwealth by its intelligent white residents," that they have 40,000 majority of the white people of the state, that the republican party would be in a hopeless minority without the aid of its 60,000 colored voters, and so are driven by their irresistible logic to the following declaration:

"We, therefore, without hesitation, proclaim that the success of the democratic party will mean that, while we shall deal with perfect fairness in securing all the benefits of good government and full and free opportunities for education to all classes, such action must be taken as to prevent the control of the state government from passing into the hands of those who have neither the ability nor the interest to manage public affairs wisely and well."

"Consent of the governed" vanishes completely at this touch. Government or control is distinctly claimed as the prerogative of intelligent whites. All other people should take orders from these superior beings, but apparently it is a virtue to have a white majority, whether it is intelligent or not, and the prerogative is modified somewhat with a benevolence toward all whites.

The main idea is to disfranchise 60,000 colored citizens because most of them vote the republican ticket. They are to have government decreed for them without any thought of their content, and are to be forced to submit to what the national platform calls a tyranny.

Possibly the negroes, like the Filipinos, "cannot," in the language of that pronunciamento, "be citizens without endangering our civilization," but it follows also from the same authority that tney "cannot be subjects without imperiling our form of government." The dilemma does not help the democrats of Maryland. Nor does reference to the constitution help them, any more than to the Declaration, because it is plain that while they talk of intelligence they are really discriminating against color. They evade the great charter which the Kansas City resolutions approve.—Chicago Record-Herald.

HOW ABOUT BRYANISM?

The Time to Write the Obituary, It Seems Has Not Yet Arrived.

Are the ingenious gentlemen, democrats and republicans, who are saying that Bryanism is dead, absolutely sure of their ground? Ohio recently rejected Bryan personally by refusing to indorse him or his platforms of 1896 and 1900, but it adopted a platform which in many particulars was equally as bad as anything which he ever favored. Several other states in their democratic conventions are expected to deny recognition to the Nebraskan. There are great whoops of joy from the democratic reorganizers all over the country at what they are calling the death of Bryanism, but are they sane or sincere in all this?

There is a strong probability that in the states west of the Mississippi there is a powerful sentiment still in favor of Bryan. Missouri has many Bryanites. Probably the Bryanite section of the democracy in this state, in Kansas, in Nebraska and in most of the other commonwealths between here and the Pacific is dominant in that party. There are reorganizers in the democratic party in Missouri, but they are confined to St. Louis, Kansas City and St. Joseph. In the rural districts they cannot be found. Omaha may have many of them among its democratic element, but in the rest of that state they are likely to be scarce. The same is true as regards the cities and the farming regions of the rest of the trans-Mississippi states.

Then, too, if the democracy rejects Bryan in 1904, as it probably will, it will still be under the necessity of framing a radical platform. It cannot make a conservative deliverance, for that would be an imitation of the republican creed, and the people do not like imitations in politics. The democracy will be forced to combat the republican party on many lines, and this necessity will compel it to put forward many follies and absurdities which will be as bad as Bryanism, and some of them will probably have to be taken from the Bryan platforms. Moreover, Bryan himself is going to stay in politics, as he has frequently informed the country, and he still has a spell over the minds of many of the 6,500,000 of men who voted for him in two successive canvasses. The time to write the obituary of Bryanism will not, at the earliest, come before the evening of November 8, 1904.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

☞The leading democratic paper in Indiana admits that the world has adjusted itself to the gold standard, but fails to make due acknowledgment to the valuable assistance rendered by the republican party.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

A GREAT DISASTER.

Many Lives Lost in a Tunnel Under Lake Erie.

A Temporary Crib a Few Miles from Cleveland Is Destroyed by Fire—About a Dozen Men are Burned to Death or Drowned.

Cleveland, Aug. 15.—Five men were burned to death, four were drowned, and one suffocated in a fire that destroyed the temporary waterworks crib No. 2 early Wednesday morning. Forty-two men were in the crib when the building was set on fire by the smokestack of one of the boilers, which had become red hot.

Eleven of the men were at work in the tunnel 136 feet beneath the crib. They were imprisoned four hours before aid could reach them. Only one man succumbed to the suffocating gases that filled their underground prison. The rest were taken out just alive and resuscitated.

Five men were suffocated in their bunks by smoke and their bodies burned to an unrecognizable mass.

Twenty-six men obeyed the orders of Manager Van Deusen and took refuge in the water on floating pieces of wreckage. Four of them lost their hold upon their frail floats and sank beneath the waves just as help reached their comrades.

The tug J. R. Sprankle heard the fire whistle blown from the crib and raced to the scene from the harbor. She picked up 18 of the survivors, who had drifted to the west of the crib on boards and wreckage.

The crib is a total loss. It was a frame building 200x50 feet, the sides sheathed with iron. It contained valuable machinery. The crib and machinery were the property of Shailer & Schninglau, contractors. Their loss will exceed $200,000. The burning of the crib will delay indefinitely the completion of the waterworks tunnel.

One of the rescuers lost his life in his efforts to rescue his friends in the tunnel late Wednesday afternoon. A party from No. 3 crib, made up of Ed Johnson, C. Burkhardt, Plummer Jones and David Kelly, went down into the tunnel at 3 p. m. Johnson and Kelly were pulled out half conscious a few minutes later and said Burkhardt and Jones were overcome. James Williams went down for the two missing rescuers. He got Burkhardt out, but Jones was dead. Overcome by the gas, he fell into the water at the bottom of the tunnel and was drowned.

A DARING CRIME.

A Lone Highwayman Holds Up a Stage Coach Near North River, N. Y.

Glens Falls, N. Y., Aug. 15.—News was received here last night that the Blue Mountain stage was held up by a robber at noon Wednesday at North River.

The stage which was stopped connects with a train which reached North Creek, Warren county, at 10:20 a. m. When it left the station it contained seven men and one woman.

When the stage was one and one-half miles north of Dunlap's hotel, at North River, a masked robber suddenly appeared. His first move was to shoot one of the horses. He then ordered the passengers to hold up their hands and alight. Six of the men immediately took to the woods, the remaining man staying with his wife, who was relieved of $20, but the robber failed to find a larger sum in another pocket.

The highwayman then proceeded to rifle the mail bags and plunder the express packages, taking everything of value. After he had done his work he disappeared into the woods and searching parties have been unable to find any trace of him.

BOGUS RAILROAD TICKETS.

Big Stock of Counterfeits Found in the Office of a St. Louis Firm.

St. Louis, Aug. 15.—As the result of the arrest yesterday of William Clinton and Charles J. Leonard, ticket brokers, charged with swindling a customer, a gigantic railroad ticket counterfeiting scheme was uncovered. After the arrest of the brokers their office was ransacked and an immense number of tickets and passes was found.

It is almost impossible to place an estimate on the value of the tickets recovered, but it is stated by railroad authorities that $50,000 would be a conservative figure. It is asserted that many of the tickets and passes were forgeries. The Baltimore & Ohio, Missouri Pacinc and St. Louis & San Francisco lines are said to be the ones which should have the most interest in the discoveries made, though tickets were found in the stock from many roads.

J. P. Morgan Plans a New Union.

New York, Aug. 16.—The Press says: "J. Pierpont Morgan has planned the greatest labor union of the age—a union of labor and capital. According to his plans, stock of the United States Steel Corporation, valued at several millions of dollars at par, has been set aside for the purchase at inside figures by the 165,000 men employed by the companies that make up the steel trust. It is contemplated to form this co-partnership between the shareholders and the employes of the United States Steel Corporation. The plan was conceived before the steel strike was thought of."

Miles' General Order.

Washington, Aug. 15.—Lieut. Gen. Miles, commanding the army, has issued a general order intended to improve the condition of the army. It admonishes officers and men regarding their duties and points out the essentials of a good soldier, mentioning patriotism, discipline, physical development, self-respect, self-reliance and resourcefulness. The general says that on account of large accessions of officers and soldiers who have had but limited experience in the military service, the instructions contained in the order are issued for their guidance.

THE CUP HUNTER ARRIVES.

Sir Thomas Lipton's Yacht Shamrock II. Comes to New York to Race for the America's Cup.

Sandy Hook, N. J., Aug. 12.—Shamrock II., Sir Thomas Lipton's second challenger for America's cup, in tow of her consort, the steam yacht Erin, arrived off Sandy Hook lightship shortly after 11 o'clock last night and anchored for the night just inside the lightship half an hour later. A newspaper tug and the tugboat James R. Lawrence with David Barrie, Sir Thomas' representative in this country aboard, had been cruising off Sandy Hook for two days awaiting the appearance of the foreign cup hunter.

When off the lightship the Erin burned her signals, green and red with a green star, and the tugs ran alongside. Greetings on both sides were hearty, but beyond saying that the yacht had encountered fine weather, neither Capt. Matthews, of the Erin, nor Capt. Sycamore, of the challenger, would give details of the trip. That they regarded it as a fine performance was evident from Capt. Matthews' ejaculation of surprise when informed that the tugs had been on the lookout for her for two days. "Give her a chance," he shouted.

As a matter of fact the actual time of the Shamrock II. is less than 14 days, counting her stop of one day at St. Michaels, Azores, a day better than the old Shamrock, which was far and away better than that of any former challenger. Capt. Matthews first inquiry after the greeting was of the challenger's opponent, Constitution, and when he learned that she had beaten Columbia on Saturday, he expressed his pleasure and then regret when he was informed of Columbia's accident in the race.

The Shamrock II. carries the jury mast of the old Shamrock, but her topmast is 15 feet shorter, so that the distance from deck to truck is probably not over 90 feet. She will be towed in to-day by the tug Robert Hadden, the first tug to speak her, under instructions from Sir Thomas before she left to accept the first tow offered. After passing quarantine she will be towed to the man-of-war anchorage off Tompkinsville and later to the Erie basin, where she will be stripped and her mast stepped, preparatory to going into dry dock.

A HORROR IN GEORGIA.

Negro Who Had Assaulted a Woman Is Burned at the Stake.

Savannah, Ga., Aug. 12.—Eighteen miles south of Savannah, near the Seaboard Air Line railway, the charred trunk of the body of Joe Washington, the negro ravisher of Mrs. J. J. Clark, is all that remains to tell the story of a tragedy Saturday night. Washington was captured at Liberty City and was brought to Way Station, near which place his crime was committed. He was carried before Mrs. Clark, who identified him positively as the negro who assaulted her.

hTe negro's positive identification by his victim sealed his fate. A mob of 400 men clamored for his life, but the leaders of the mob, numbering less than a dozen, burned him at the stake. The rest of the mob was kept at a distance and was not permitted to come within 100 yards of the place where Washington met his death. This was at a spot a few feet from the railway track and not 500 yards from the house in which the ravisher committed the crime for which he paid so dreadful a penalty. He walked to his death without a tremor and met it without a prayer or an appeal for mercy.

EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS.

They are Believed to Have Occurred Last Week in Alaska.

Victoria, B. C., Aug. 12.—The seismograph at the meterological office here on Friday recorded some very severe shocks of earthquake, which are believed to have occurred in Alaska, as the records are similar to those made when the last earthquake occurred in the north.

The preliminary tremors commenced at 1:30 a. m. and continued until 4:08, the pendulum in this interval recording several oscillations. At 5:15 another disturbance commenced, which rapidly assumed immense proportions, until, at 6:15 o'clock the swing of the pendulum had completely crossed the record paper and maintained this incessant movement for 20 minutes. At 10:40 a. m. fresh vibrations began, which were very pronounced for nearly an hour.

Fighting Near Panama.

Kingston, Jamaica, Aug. 12.—According to advices received here from Colon, there was a series of engagements last week in the neighborhood of Panama and the government experiencing some difficulty in keeping out the insurgents. Strict martial law is enforced at Panama and Colon, the present districts of insurgent activity, and an order was issued last week in both cities announcing that all persons found under arms without a permit would be shot as traitors. The same order called upon all foreign residents to furnish themselves with arms, so as to aid the police whenever called upon.

Bomb Explodes in a Church.

Paris, Aug. 12.—A bomb was exploded Sunday near the altar of the church of St. Nizier at Troyes, doing considerable damage to the windows, but not injuring any of the 100 children who, together with a priest, were in the edifice at the time.

Spent 85,000,000 for Animals.

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 12.—Col. Skinner, of the British army, one of the officers who has been stationed in the United States since the outbreak of the Boer war, buying horses and mules, has returned to Kansas City. With the shipments just made from Kansas City to Cape Town the British government has spent $1,000,000 in Kansas City for horses and mules for service in South Africa. Approximately 100,000 animals have been shipped from this vicinity during the past three years. The average price paid for these animals is $50 a head.

STORM AND FLOOD.

Gulf States are Swept by a Hurricane.

A Number of People are Drowned and Great Damage to Property Is Reported—Cities of New Orleans and Mobile are Flooded.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 16.—The tropical storm which has been raging along the gulf coast for two days has completely isolated the city of Mobile, Ala., from the outside world. Considerable damage has been done along the water front in Mobile, but whether there has been loss of life or not is mere conjecture. Nothing had been heard from the country south of Mobile up to the time the last wire to Mobile failed.

At 4:30 Thursday afternoon the Western Union office in Mobile was abandoned, the water at that time being three feet deep in the operating room.

Two hours later communication was had for a few minutes with Mobile. The press operator there had made his way to the operating room in a boat. He took up his position on top of the switchboard, several feet above the flooded office and detaching the press wire from its place in the board, sent this message:

"Am on top of the switchboard here with a lineman. The water is over three feet deep in this room and it is still rising. The wind is blowing at the rate of 50 miles an hour and we look for worse things tonight. The business district is deserted——"

Here the wire failed and nothing more could be heard from him, although the most persistent efforts were made.

The water at 3 p. m. was reported as high as in the great flood of 1893, although at that time the wind was not as high. From Mobile to Fort Morgan is a distance of 35 miles, and on both sides of the bay summer resorts and summer houses are located. These were, it is believed, in the direct path of the storm.

It is feared there has been some loss of life on the islands in Mississippi sound, just outside of the bar, below Fort Morgan.

These islands, which are inhabited by French fishermen, rise only four or five feet above the water under ordinary stage and were the scene of great loss of life in 1893.

According to advices received here the Louisville & Nashville railroad has washouts near Chefmenteur, Lake Catherine, Lake Lookout and Rigelets. Twenty miles of Louisville & Nashville track through the Tensas swamps west of Mobile are reported under water.

New Orleans, Aug. 16.—The storm which has been sweeping the gulf coast from Pensacola and moving westward during the past two days has prostrated telegraph and telephone wires to such an extent that news from the outlying sections is hard to get. The greatest fears have been entertained for the safety of the people living at Port Eads, which is the mouth of the Mississippi river, and for the ships that started for sea just before the storm began.

The wires to Port Eads have been prostrated since Tuesday night, but the Picayune reached a man who left there at 2 o'clock Wednesday. He was at Buras, which is 60 miles down the river and the farthest point with which there is wire communication at the present time. This man describes the storm which swept that section as a regular tidal wave, similar to the one which resulted in such awful loss of life in 1893. He says all the people living on the east bank of the river have moved up to the "jump," which is 15 miles from the mouth of the river. The house of a man named Cobden, half a mile above the quarantine station, was swept away and the 15 members of the family, including nine children, were drowned.

The tug boat Velasco went down to Pass L'Outre, which is the westernmost point of the river, with two barges. When last seen she had her decks awash and is believed to have gone down. If this boat and her barges have been lost 20 more people have been drowned. There are numerous reports of individual casualties all along the river.

There has been much damage done at Shell Beach, a settlement on Lake Borgne, which is southeast of the city and connects with Lake Pontchartrain. All the buildings there have been swept away and there are reports of loss of life among the fishermen, but the exact extent of this is not known.

In the city of New Orleans and suburbs there has been some damage. At Milneburg, one of the lake resorts, the railroad pier head running out into the lake for a distance of 1,000 yards has been destroyed and all light buildings demolished. The big buildings on shore withstood the gale. There was no loss of life. The steamer Neptune, tied up at this pierhead pounded herself to pieces and sank.

Only 14 Failed.

Lawton, O. T., Aug. 16.—Only 14 of those who drew numbers between 1 and 1,000 in the Lawton district, have failed to take their claims. The showing is considered remarkable, considering the promiscuous crowd of speculators and adventurers who registered with the bona fide homesteaders.

Three Additions to the Navy.

Baltimore, Aug. 16.—Three additions to the navy were christened and launched at the shipyards of the Maryland Steel Co. here yesterday. They are torpedo boat destroyers and will be known hereafter by the names of Whipple, Truxtun and Worden. The three new boats are dissimilar in name only. By far the largest of their type in the United States navy, they are also among the largest in any navy in the world. Asbestos sheathing takes the place of veneering in the finishings and wood is totally absent from the construction of the vessels.

SHIFTS WESTWARD

Interest in Steel Strike Centers Around Chicago.

EXPECT NEW RECRUITS.

Mill Men at South Chicago and Milwaukee May Go Out.

TO PAY STRIKE BENEFITS.

After September 1st Amalgamated's Idle Men Will Get $4 Per Week—Provision to be Made for Strikers Outside the Organization.

Pittsburg, Aug. 17.—The center of interest in the steel strike yesterday shifted to the west, where Joliet finally swung into line with the strikers and Milwaukee appointed to-day as the time for a final vote on the question. The news that came out of the west cheered the strikers throughout the districts in this vicinity as no other development since the labor war was declared. They count upon favorable action at Milwaukee and say that they will yet win Chicago over. These successes, they declare, will make them masters of the situation and win the strike.

The steel operators on the other hand say that the strikers are nearly at the flood tide of their success and that when the ebb comes it can never be stopped. They do not seem to be disturbed by recent events.

Two hundred men employed in the National galvanizing works of the National Tube Co. at McKeesport struck yesterday. They were the last remaining workmen in the affected trades in that city and the tie-up is now as complete as possible there. Many of the tube workers, although on strike have refused to join any union, and the opinion is expressed that there will soon be a break among the strikers.

The recent gains at Joliet and McKeesport bring the total number of men brought out by the third and final call of President Shaffer to about 30,000 and the grand total to something over 70,000.

Thousand of the men out have found other work and the exact number now idle is unknown. The Amalgamated is organizing a series of employment bureaus to place many more of the idle men. President Shaffer announced Friday that after September 1 idle Amalgamated men would receive strike benefits of $4 a week apiece and that some provision would be made for men outside the organization.

The lodges of the International Plate Workers' Protective association throughout the country are passing upon the question of handling the Welsh plates which the American Tin Plate Co. plans to import to replenish the supply cut off by the strike, and their decision will have an important bearing on the strike. The tin plate workers claim that in the past when they asked for the aid of the Amalgamated they were given no satisfaction and that the Amalgamated has furnished precedents against sympathetic strikes.

Joliet, Ill., Aug. 17.—When the 2,500 employes of the Illinois Steel Co., a constituent company of the United States Steel Corporation, joined the ranks of the strikers yesterday the streets of this city took on a holiday appearance. All the Illinois steel mills are closed, except the blast furnaces. Those on strike in this city now are:

Illinois Steel Co. (various departments), 2,500 men.
American Tin Plate Co., 500 men.
Pressed Steel Co., 500 men.

By the closing down of the Illinois works idleness, for lack of material, is almost certain to come upon the following within a week:

American Steel and Wire Co., 2,000 men.
Joliet stove works, 500 men.
Phoenix Horseshoe Co., 500 men.
Miscellaneous, 200 men.

Superintendent Sheldon, of the Illinois Steel Co., said plans are being made which probably will put a new phase on the situation. What these plans are, he refused to say.

Will Send the Iowa and Ranger.

Washington, Aug. 17.—A telegram has been prepared at the navy department to go forward to the Iowa immediately upon her arrival at San Francisco ordering her to prepare at once to go to sea. When she advises the department that she is ready, an order will follow for her to proceed to Panama. The little cruiser Ranger, which is at San Diego, was ordered to sail yesterday. She is very slow, however, and it would require 15 days for her to reach her destination. The department, therefore, decided to send the Iowa.

A Sympathetic Strike.

Buffalo, Aug. 17.—About 100 bridge builders and structural iron workers and between 15 and 20 painters went on strike at the Stony Point steel plant yesterday. They were employed by the American Bridge Co. and quit out of sympathy with the men who have struck from the Dakota elevator.

Murdered by a Policeman.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 17.—Policeman Diebold yesterday shot and killed Judson C. Kurr, of Albion, N. Y., who was tearing down a platform in what is known as the "Free Midway," outside the Pan-American exposition grounds. Diebold claims to have acted in self-defense.

Canada's Population.

Ottawa, Ont., Aug. 17.—The first official bulletin of the census was issued Friday. The population of the Dominion is given at 5,338,883, an increase of 505,544 over the census of 1891.

MOSQUITOS TRANSMIT GERMS.

Experiments Conducted by New York's Health Officer Prove the Above Statement.

New York, Aug. 13.—Dr. Doty, health officer of this port, who has of late been carrying on a warfare against mosquitos, beginning his operations on Staten Island, yesterday issued a statement concerning these operations, which have been prosecuted with a view to determining definitely, if possible, whether the malarial fever parasite is transmitted from one person to another by the female of the anapheles species of mosquito.

Dr. Doty, at the New York quarantine laboratory, has been carrying on his investigations for a year past. He first selected a low lying district in which were many stagnant pools and on which were 100 small houses. Inspection showed that at least 30 per cent. of the inhabitants were suffering with acute or chronic forms of malaria. Samples of water from the pools and cisterns, cesspools and barrels disclosed larvae of the mosquito. Large glass tubes were distributed among the houses for the purpose of securing some of the mosquitos which infested the neighborhood, and among those collected were found the anapheles or malarial mosquitos.

In one of the houses a little girl 7 years old was found suffering from acute malaria. Dr. Doty was allowed by the mother to secure a drop of blood from the lobe of the ear. A bacteriological examination of this was made in the laboratory and the parasite was found.

Many tests have been made to ascertain the value of the different agents believed to be destructive to the mosquito larvae. It was a surprise, says Dr. Doty, to find that a solution of bichloride of mercury 1-2,000), sufficiently strong to kill all micro-organisms, or germs, affected the larvae slowly, some being alive at the expiration of 24 hours. The doctor says it would be unsafe under any condition to use this dangerous agent in ponds which are fully exposed, and this may also be said of carbolic acid and other agents experimented with. In conclusion, he says:

"The result of this examination from a scientific point has been of great interest: First, because it has shown the intimate relation between the mosquito and malarial fever; second, because it has revealed to those who have been identified with this investigation the true breeding places of the mosquito, which I am sure are not generally known; third, it has shown that petroleum oil will surely and promptly destroy mosquito larvae, and so far as careful experiments indicate it is the only agent which can be depended upon for this purpose."

THE ANTI-TRUST LEAGUE.

It Contributes $500 for the Prosecution of the Morgan Steel Combine.

Washington, Aug. 13.—The joint committee of the American Anti-Trust league and District Assembly No. 66 of the Knights of Labor held another meeting last night to consider the question of bringing legal action against the United States Steel Co. The members say they are satisfied after conferences with Hon. Frank S. Monnett, of Ohio, and with local attorneys that there is ample evidence available for a successful issue against the corporation. A special committee will be appointed to present the matter to Attorney General Knox, with a plea that he institute proceedings against the trust, under the Sherman act. If these efforts fail, recourse will be had to mandamus or other proceedings to attain the object sought.

The committee will co-operate with individuals and associations in other states where help is desired in proceedings against the steel corporation. A contribution of $500 toward defraying expenses incident to the proceedings to be begun was made by the Anti-Trust league.

AN OIL BOOM.

The Fever Has a Firm Foothold in Oklahoma—New Companies Organize.

Fort Sill, O. T., Aug. 13.—Oil companies with fabulous sums announced for their capital stock are being organized daily in the new town of Lawton, near here. Twenty or more "promoters" and "oil experts" direct from Beaumont district have bottles of oil on display. No gushers have been brought in. The excitement is not confined to any particular district.

Oil locaters have plastered the entire country with mineral claims and an Ottumwa, Ia., company has 2,000 acres staked in one body. Another company, claiming a capital of $250,000, has claimed a large tract nine miles northeast of Lawton, and a third company has been organized, on paper at least, and placed its capital stock at $1,000,000.

Big Crops of Wheat and Oats.

Springfield, Ill., Aug. 13.—The Illinois department of agriculture has issued a summary of reports from crop correspondents dated August 1. The area of wheat harvested is 1,870,000 acres; estimated yield 31,100,000 bushels, the largest crop produced since 1894. Value at 62 cents per bushel amounts to $19,230,000, the best returns since 1892. Area of oats 3,775,000 acres; yield estimated 110,500,000 bushels, valued at $34,880,000, a value that has been exceeded but twice in 30 years. Corn area planted 8,088,000 acres, but the condition is the most disheartening known in the crop history of the state.

Three Men Drowned.

Ogdensburg, N. Y., Aug. 13.—Charles White, James Whitney and Edgar Lane were drowned in the Galoup rapids Monday by the sinking of the yacht Rhea. Whitney, who was the owner of the yacht, had as guests on board the boat Lane and White, Hugh Raney, the Misses Whitney and the Misses McPherson. The four ladies and Mr. Raney got out at the head of the lock to walk to the foot of the rapids. The other three men remained on board the yacht, which after passing the first swell of the rapids, entered what is known as "the cellar" and disappeared.

PEACE.

No, Cuba Has Not Been Attacked Again by Old Spain—The Island Is Simply Preparing for a Presidential Election.

A DISTINCT SUCCESS.

Another Test of Wireless Telegraphy that Shows Marvelous Results.

New York, Aug. 17.—The Cunard liner Lucania, which sailed from Liverpool for New York August 10, was spoken through the medium of wireless telegraphy, by the new Nantucket lightship last evening.

The Herald shore station to which came the wireless message from the lightship is located at Siasconset, Nantucket. On the highest part of the village, known as Bunker hill, is erected a mast built in three sections with its truck rising 165 feet in the air. Its upper end is a spar which carries a vertical wire of the Marconi system 180 feet above the ground.

The instruments which complete the installation are located in a cottage 100 feet distant from the base of the mast and between it and the sea an uninterrupted moorland stretches for a mile or more. Forty sea miles away, bearing about south, the Nantucket lightship is moored. On board this ship a spar has been fitted to the original mast and from the tip of this, 106 feet above the sea, a wire is suspended similar to that on shore.

At the Siasconset wireless telegraph station the instruments recorded the signals that were being sent out from the lightship, searching for the Lucania. Finally, about 6 o'clock, it was demonstrated that the two vessels were in communication. To make absolutely certain their circuit was temporarily broken, to ask the the lightship if the Lucania had been heard from. The answer came back that the Cunarder had been reached. From that time until 9:40 o'clock messages were sent in a stream from the Lucania. There were occasional interruptions for adjustment, but in a general way it may be said that communication for nearly four hours was unbroken.

Will Land in a New Combine.

Philadelphia, Aug. 17.—The North American says: "The final disposition of the Bethlehem Steel Co. is regarded as uncertain, with the probability strong that it will land in a new shipbuilding combination. This project is backed by Edward H. Harriman, and is planned to include the Nixon Shipbuilding Co., Union Iron works, Newport News Shipbuilding Co. and the Harlan & Hollingsworth Co. It is stated by Robert P. Linderman, president of the Bethlehem Co., that the Bethlehem will go to neither the Vickers-Cramp combination nor to the United States Steel Corporation."

Shepard Loses His Job.

Washington, Aug. 17.—Edward V. Shepard, of Massachusetts, chief clerk of the patent office, was yesterday dismissed from his position. This action was the culmination of an investigation that had been conducted in connection with the disappearance of certain moneys enclosed in unclaimed registered letters returned to the office. Shepard entered a stout denial of criminal intent and offered to make good any shortage. At the same time he tendered his resignation, admitting that the loss was due to carelessness in his office.

The New Salmon Combine.

New York, Aug. 17.—Arrangements for the new salmon combine have been completed. The Pacific Packing and Navigation Co. is to be the title of the combination, with a capital stock of $5,000,000. The Alaska Packers' association, the only large salmon packing concern outside the combination, will work in harmony with the new corporation.

A Great Invention.

St. Paul, Minn., Aug.17.—Simultaneous transmission of telephonic and telegraphic messages over the same wire has been made possible by a new system invented by C. H. Gaunt, of the Northern Pacific telegraph department, through an original system of reduction coils and condensers.

Falling Rock Kills Two Men.

Calumet, Mich., Aug. 17.—Three men were killed and two fatally hurt by a falling rock in the Tamarack mine yesterday. The dead are Richard Tresona, John Simmons and Matthew Stainhof.

A GRAND PROGRAM

Prepared for G. A. R. Encampment Week.

A SERIES OF MEETINGS.

Campfires are to be Held in the Spacious Armories.

PRESIDENT WILL ATTEND.

Mr. McKinley Has Promised to Deliver Addresses on Two of These Occasions—Other Men of National Fame Will Also be Present and Speak.

Cleveland, Aug. 17.—The following is a program of the large campfires and public meetings to be held during encampment week:

Central Armory, Tuesday, September 10—Campfire of the National Association of Union ex-Prisoners of War. Presiding officer, Mayor Tom L. Johnson. Speakers: Gov. Bliss, of Michigan; Gov. Stone, of Pennsylvania, Gov. Nash, of Ohio, and Past Commander of the Grand Army Department of Ohio I. F. Mack, of Sandusky. Short campfire talks by members of the association. Music by a male chorus and band music.

Central Armory, September 11.—Open meeting for members of the Grand Army Women's Relief Corps, Ladies of the G. A. R. and Daughters of Veterans. J. G. W. Cowles, chairman. Addresses of welcome and greeting by Gov. Nash and Mayor Johnson. Responses by Commander-in-Chief Rassieur, Mrs. Mary L. Carr, national president of the Woman's Relief Corps; Mrs. Etta Toby, president of the Ladies of the G. A. R., and Lillian E. Phillips, president of the Daughters of Veterans. Music.

Central Armory, September 12.—General campfire and music by chorus and band. Speakers: President McKinley, Gen. O. O. Howard, Senators Hanna and Foraker, Gen. Thomas J. Stewart, of Pennsylvania; Corporal Tanner, Judge Eli Torrence, of Minneapolis; Gens. Sickles, Duffield, Chamberlain and J. Warren Keifer.

Grays' Armory, September 10.—Dog watch of the National association of Naval Veterans. Speakers to be announced later.

Grays' Armory, September 11.—Campfire of colored troops. Speakers: President McKinley, Hon. Charles W. Anderson, O. O. Howard, Gov. Nash, Congressman Burton, Corporal Tanner.

Gray's Armory, September 12.—Campfire under the auspices of the Department of Ohio of the Grand Army. Presiding officer, Department Commander Taggart, of Akron. Speakers: Gen. Howard, Hon. Charles W. Anderson, Gen. Sickles, Gov. Nash, Senator Foraker, Congressman Burton, Corporal Tanner.

Turn Hall, September 10—Campfire. Chairman, Senator Hanna. Speakers: Gen. S. F. Hurst and Gen. I. F. Mack, of Ohio; Col. E. B. Gray, of Milwaukee; Congressman Burton, Corporal Tanner. Short talks by members of the Grand Army.

Chamber of Commerce Auditorium, September 10—Reception by Woman's Relief Corps to Commander-in-Chief Rassieur and other national officers of the Grand Army. Orchestral music

Chamber of Commerce Auditorium, September 12—Presidential and official reception by the president of the United States, members of the cabinet and leading officials.

Chamber of Commerce Auditorium, September 13—Reception to old and new commander-in-chief of the Grand Army. Orchestral music.

All these events will take place in the evening.

Constitution Defeats Columbia.

Larchmont, N. Y., Aug. 17.—The Constitution drifted across the finish line late Friday afternoon, a winner over the Columbia by 31 minutes and 23 seconds.

IS KING OF TROTTERS.

Cresceus Beats The Abbot in Two Straight Heats and Makes a New Record for Racers.

New York, Aug. 16.—The trotting interests of the Empire City have not received such a boom in a quarter of a century as was developed Thursday at the Brighton Beach track when the champion stallion and champion gelding, Cresceus and The Abbot, came together for a purse of $12,000. The Abbot with his record of 2:03¼ last season, and Cresceus with his mark of 2:02¼ made at Columbus, were to decide the question of which was the fastest trotting horse.

It was 3:30 o'clock when the drivers, Ketcham and Geers, appeared before the grand stand.

Each was driven up and down the stretch for a warming up and when they reached the starter Cresceus was slightly in the lead and they were called back. The next time, however, they were nose and nose. Then Cresceus rushed to the front and had a lead of a length, which he held to the quarter, making that mark in :30¾. This lead The Abbot had slightly reduced at the half, which was reached in 1:01¼, and he was a very close second at the three-quarter pole in 1:32¼.

The vast crowd realized that a world's record was about to be made, and the grand stand arose to its feet while the multitude in the space between the stand and the track cheered wildly. Coming down the stretch it was a battle royal, with The Abbot very close up, but Cresceus kept on with nostrils extended and just managed to beat his opponent by a half length in 2:03¼, the world's trotting record in a race.

In the second heat The Abbot had not traveled a hundred yards before he made a disastrous break, and before he could recover his gait Cresceus was in front. The Abbot, once settled, made a grand effort to overtake his opponent, but Cresceus went the mile in 2:06¼, with The Abbot back of the flag.

As the race was best three in five, Ketcham consented that Cresceus go another heat. This he did shortly before 5 o'clock, accompanied by a runner for the first half, where he was joined by another runner, and he did the mile in 2:05.

It is said the owner of Cresceus received $7,000 of the purse and the owner of The Abbot $5,000.

A LIVELY CONCLAVE.

Pennsylvania Democratic State Convention Nominates Two Candidates.

Harrisburg, Pa., Aug. 16.—The democratic state convention yesterday nominated Judge Harman Yerkes, of Doylestown, for supreme court judge and Representative Andrew J. Palm, of Meadville, for state treasurer. The platform makes no reference to William J. Bryan or national affairs, being confined entirely to state issues. In the closing moments of the convention resolutions were adopted which will have the effect of blocking any effort that may be contemplated looking to the withdrawal of the candidate for state treasurer and the substitution of an anti-Quay republican on a fusion ticket.

The contest between the rival Philadelphia factions for recognition by the convention resulted in a harmony agreement between the leaders of the two elements. A committee was designated to co-operate with ex-Gov. Pattison, chairman of the regular city committee, in adjusting the differences that may arise in reorganizing the party in Philadelphia.

Following the ratification of the harmony program an effort was made by J. O. Ulrich, of Schuylkill, to expel the Philadelphia delegates. He made a speech criticizing the harmony resolutions and condemning the leaders of the Philadelphia democracy. An assistant sergeant-at-arms tried to force Mr. Ulrich to take his seat and there was almost a riot. The police interfered and after much excitement the Ulrich resolution to expel the delegates was rejected.

HEADQUARTERS CHOSEN.

A List that Shows Where the G. A. R. Departments Will Locate During Encampment Week.

Cleveland, Aug. 16.—The following is the list of assignments of Grand Army department headquarters:

American House—Department of Kansas and Kansas W. R. C.

Colonial Hotel—Department of Massachusetts and Massachusetts W. R. C., Department of Iowa and Iowa W. R. C., Department of Colorado and Wyoming, Department of Texas.

Forest City House—Departments of Ohio, California, West Virginia, Maryland, Maine, New Hampshire and South Dakota.

The Lennox—Department of Rhode Island.

Weddell House—Departments of Connecticut and Michigan.

Lincoln Hotel—Departments of Florida and Georgia.

Hollenden Hotel—National headquarters of the Grand Army, Women's Relief Corps, Ladies of the G. A. R., D. of V., and National Association of Union ex-Prisoners of War, Departments of Missouri, New Jersey, Minnesota and Minnesota W. R. C. and Ladies of the G. A. R., Department of Indiana, Department of Pennsylvania and Pennsylvania W. R. C., Department of the Potomac, Colorado W. R. C., Department of Nebraska and Nebraska W. R. C. and Ladies of the G. A. R., Ohio W. R. C., Department of Wisconsin and Wisconsin G. A. R., Department of New York.

Sold for $7,500,000.

Bethlehem, Pa., Aug. 16.—The stockholders of the Bethlehem Iron Co. yesterday voted to accept the $7,500,000 offered by the Bethlehem Steel Co. for the big steel and ordnance works here, and an hour later the directors consummated the deal. The steel company has a purchaser for the plant, and it is believed that this purchaser is Charles M. Schwab, president of the United States Steel Corporation, and it is also believed that he will buy the property for the Vickers-Maxim Co. and the Cramp Shipbuilding Co. The works employ 4,000 skilled mechanics.

THE GREAT STORM.

Immense Damage Caused by the Hurricane.

STORIES OF SHIPWRECK.

They Come from Pensacola, Fla., and Its Vicinity.

NEW ORLEANS AND MOBILE.

These Cities Escaped with Comparatively Small Loss, but the Farmers Along the Gulf Coast of the South Suffered Largely.

Mobile, Ala., Aug. 17.—The gulf storm which began with wind and rain Wednesday reached its severest force about 5 o'clock Thursday, the maximum wind velocity being 62 miles an hour. Considerable damage was done in Mobile in the way of uprooting trees, unroofing houses and toppling chimneys. A falling wall demolished the rear end of Mohr & Sons' drug store, badly damaging his stock. The flood water was backed by the southeast gale over the cotton wharf, and several streets were covered. The water was 18 inches deep in the cotton exchange, and both the Western Union and Postal offices were flooded. The power houses of the electric railway were flooded and electric car service was shut down. All business in the wholesale district was suspended.

While the storm was not as severe as the record breaker of 1893, there was much excitement among the people because of recollection of the great damage by the earlier storm. The people were apprehensive of a repetition of that disaster, and spent a miserable night. Out of doors every one was drenched thoroughly by the heavy rain. The rainfall was 5.84 inches.

During the storm the steamboat Lady Jane went to the rescue of the truck gardeners who live in the marshes between Mobile and Spanish rivers. In the 1893 flood the people there suffered greatly and a half dozen were drowned. The Lady Jane rescued all that could be reached who were in special danger and brought them to the city.

From Fowler river it is reported that the schooner Marguerite was taken up bodily and left high and dry on the beach. James McMahon and four other men were on board. McMahon says a house on Dauphin island was washed away and afterwards found in the woods. Nothing is known as to the fate of the occupants.

New Orleans, Aug. 17.—The storm has passed and seems to have done no great damage anywhere except along the river below the city, six fatalities occurring near the river's mouth. In the city the only injury was to the section flooded by the break in a canal bank, which was soon closed. Rice and orange farms on the lower coast were severely injured. The inhabitants there believe they were struck by a tidal wave combined with a cyclone. Three lives were lost half a mile above quarantine. A large house was overturned with 15 people in it, and Mrs. Rosa Walker, her 10-year-old daughter, Ida Walker, Miss Birdie Cobden and Miss Ella Cobden were drowned. The crew of the tugboat Biloxi sought refuge a few hundred yards away and two of the sailors were drowned and the boat lost.

Pensacola, Fla., Aug. 17.—The French steamship Cyrano, which arrived Friday, reports that the American steamship Evelyn, ten days from New York for this port, went aground Thursday morning about eight miles from Pensacola bar. She is fast going to pieces.

During the storm Thursday night the Portuguese bark Prophets, laden with a cargo of timber valued at $5,000, was badly damaged.

The storm was one of the wildest ever known here. The storm reached a wind velocity of 70 miles an hour, with spurts of 90 miles.

There was great damage to shipping in the bay and to water front property. Twelve or 15 schooners of the fishing fleet were badly damaged. Four of them sank, causing a loss aggregating $70,000.

Failed to Agree on a Scale.

Knoxville, Tenn., Aug. 17.—Miners and operators in district 19, United Mine Workers, last night decided to disagree and all delegates left for their homes. For the past week sessions have been held, but nothing has been accomplished. Six thousand men are employed and the present wage scale will expire August 31. The men want shorter hours and more pay. President Howe, of the United Mine Workers, says every mine will be closed at the end of this month, unless a satisfactory wage scale shall be signed.

Will Pay Thompson's Fine.

Indianapolis, Aug. 17.—The Indianapolis friends of Edward P. Thompson, former postmaster here and at Havana, Cuba, say they will pay his fine of $400 rather than see him sent to prison.

Marriage Fever Strikes Teachers.

Carbondale, Ill., Aug. 17.—Of the 400 American teachers who sailed on the transport Thomas from San Francisco to Manila, 60 of them on reaching Honolulu were married. The teachers had been chosen from the many normal universities of the country and were strangers to each other. Their acquaintance and courtship extended over a period of less than ten days. The captain of the Thomas refused to permit the weddings while at sea and the 30 couples, upon the arrival of the transport at Honolulu, sought out a clergyman and were married

Cameron County Press

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD.

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Manager.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance.....$1 50

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year or for six or three months are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2 00; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices ten cents per line for one insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business Cards, five lines or less $5.00 per year over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cts. per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete, and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW Printing.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

Political Announcements.

All Announcements under this head must be signed by the candidate and paid in advance to insure publication.

STATE DELEGATE.

Editor Press:—
Please announce my name as a candidate for Delegate to State Convention, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.
E. W. GASKILL.
Shippen, Pa., July 15th, 1901.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.

Editor Press:—
Please announce my name as a candidate for Associate Judge, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.
GEO. A. WALKER.
Emporium, Pa., July 15th, 1901.

COUNTY TREASURER.

Editor Press:—
Please announce my name as a candidate for County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.
ELIHU CHADWICK.
Shippen, Pa., July 13th, 1901.

Editor Press:—
Please announce my name as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Cameron County Republican Convention.
WALTER YOTHERS.
Driftwood, Pa., July 17th, 1901.

Cameron.

[Too late for last issue.]

E. H. Lininger visited Sterling Run Monday.

E. M. McFadden is visiting friends at Glen Hazel.

G. L. Page had business at the county seat Monday.

Charley May, of Sterling Run, was seen on our streets Sunday.

Cameron is not dead yet, it is in line this week by saying.

Annie Zerby, of Sterling Run, visited Oak Hill a few days last week.

A Morton and family of First Fork, are visiting relatives in town this week.

Rev. Poyer preached a very interesting sermon at the church Sunday evening.

Geo. Meyers and family of Ladona visited F. R. Lininger and family over Sunday.

If the families keep on moving in town we will need more houses or the old ones fixed up.

Cline Kephart and family of Coudersport was the guest of A. F. Walker and family over Sunday.

Mrs. E. M. McFadden who has been quite ill for sometime past, is very much improved at this writing.

J. D. Brooks has taking the contract to build the bridge across the creek at Canoe Run for W. D. Johnson.

W. D. Johnson has erected a siding near the Chutes to load his lumber and bark instead of hauling it to Cameron.

E. Goodman says the Liars club is booming now taking in new members every meeting. He thinks the club will visit the Pan-American this fall.

H. H. Rockwell and family of Harrisburg was the guest of his mother, Mrs. J. L. Rockwell and family of this place over Sunday.

Quite a number of Fishermen from St. Mary's are located on Sandy Desert. They are very pleasant gentlemen, we hope them success.

Mason Hill.

Editor Press:—

No more sick cattle on the hill.

Thos. Ford who has been very sick, is some better at this writing.

One of Milton Barr's sons is in a painful condition. He fell and hurt his leg.

Mrs. L. B. Russell was called to Millers Siding on account of the serious illness of Mr. Ford.

Through the kindness of a friend of the Sabbath school, our Sunday school has been presented with a set of No. 1 and 2 Pentecostal hymns. All who do not attend should come and hear the sweet songs.

I AM RIGHT.

Stops the Cough And Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, no Pay. Price 25 cents. 26yl

See the girls in another column carrying large baskets of grapes to a winery in Portugal for making wine. It is worth reading about. Speer of New Jersey makes wine from the same grapes. His wines are unsurpassed by any in the world. 25-8t

Borough Council Proceedings.

Adjourned meeting Borough Council Emporium Aug. 12th, 1901. Present: Catlin, Balcom, Hacket, Marshall, Shafer, Murphy, and Howard. Absent, Schweikert, Nelson.

Moved by Shafer, seconded by Murphy, that bill of Contractor, George Metzger Jr. for $509.88 to apply on contract for instaling electrict light plant be approved and payed. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Hacket, seconded by Mr. Murphy that proper officers be authorized to make a deed to David Murry for lot No 42 in Newton Cemetry, if not already deeded, and received in payment his receipt for services to date. Carried.

Moved by Howard, seconded by Murphy, that President of Council be given authority to discharge any policman which he considers necessary during convention. Carried.

Moved by Hacket seconded by Catlin that we drop street Commissioner and his duties be given to street committee.

Moved by Mr. Howard seconded by Mr. Murphy that the forgoing motion be laid on table. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Howard seconded by Shafer that Street Commissioner and policeman be instructed to enforce ordinance regarding rubbish thrown in the street. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Shafer, that Street Committee be given authority to spend $25. each month. Aye Catlin, Marshall, Shafer, Murphy, Howard, 5. Nay Balcom, Hacket, 2. Motion Carried.

Moved by Howard seconded by Shafer that contract with St. Marys Gas Co. be accepted when amended so that same may be renewed each year, at same price, so long as gas is furnished in Emporium Borough and that meter shall be a reliable one and kept in order. Aye Shafer, Howard, 2. Nay Catlin, Balcom, Hacket, Marshall Murphy 5. Motion lost.

Moved by Howard seconded by Shafer that contract be laid on table until next meeting. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Hacket, seconded by Shafer, that Mr. Howard, be requested to go to St. Mary's and secure better terms from Gas Co. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Hacket, seconded by Mr. Shafer that the following named Fire Police be confirmed.

Mountaineer Hose Co. A. C. Blum, I. K. Hockley, F. P. Rentz.

Hamilton Hose Co. Josiah Howard, D. J. Downey, Ed. Nellis.

Citizens Hose Co. J. D. Marshall, Robert Green, David Wheaton. Carried.

On motion the Council then adjourned to meet Aug. 20th, 1901.

C. JAY GOODNOUGH, Sec'y.

Evils of Antipyrine.

The use of antipyrine for the relief and cure of headaches has a depressing influence on the heart, and causes a derangement of the kidneys. Krause's Headache Capsules contain no antipyrine, chloral, morphine or any injurious ingredient. They cure quickly and leave the head clear and cool. Price 25c. Sold by L. Taggart.

Since Missouri took to praying rain checks are all the go out West.

TOUR TO THE PACIFIC COAST.

Another Opportunity to Visit California under the Auspices of the Pennsylvania Railroad's Personally-Conducted System.

In view of the great popularity of transcontinental travel under the Personally-Conducted System, as evidence in the recent Pennsylvania Railroad Tour to the Pacific Coast and Canadian Northwest, that company has decided to run another tour to the Pacific Coast, including in the itinerary a visit to the world-famous Grand Cannon of Arizona, in the early Fall. The tour will leave New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington and other stations on the Pennsylvania Railroad east of Pittsburg, on Monday, September 23, and reach New York on the homeward trip Tuesday, October 22.

As in former tours to California under the auspices of the Pennsylvania Railroad, a special train, composed of the highest class of Pullman equipment, will be utilized during the entire trip. Excellent meals will be served in the dining cars attached to the train during the entire journey, except during the stops at San Francisco and in Chicago. An observation car will appeal to all who delight in scenery. Few trips afford so great a diversity in Nature's beauties as the one outlined below. Westward bound, the tourists will pass through the wild slopes of the Colorado Rockies, around the Great Salt Lake, and over the fastnesses of the Sierra Nevada. After visiting all the beautiful resorts on the sunny California slopes, the eastward journey will be through the Arizona desert to the Grand Canon of Arizona. Its beauties cannot be painted in mere words. Magnificent in coloring, awful in its depths, it stands among the natural wonders of the world. Thence across the plains to St. Louis, and eastward through Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, and Pennsylvania, the tourists reach their destination just thirty days after leaving home.

The various transcontinental lines having made low rates on account of the General Triennial Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company is enabled to offer this superb vacation trip at the low rate of $185 for the round trip from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, or any point on Pennsylvania Railroad east of Pittsburg, one in a berth; and $165 for the round trip, two persons occupying the same berth. The rate from Pittsburg will be $5 less.

Diagrams are now open, and as the number who can be accommodated will be strictly limited, names should be registered immediately.

For further information and descriptive pamphlet, apply to George W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia. 26-2091-2t

Keeley Cure for the Liquor Habit. Cures Drunkenness. Cures Drug Users. THE KEELEY INSTITUTE, 1246 Fifth Ave., PITTSBURG, PA. Write for free Booklet.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Cameron County, Penna., No. 28 April Term, 1901.

Sophia Johnson, M. M. Larrabee, and Laura G. Freeman, Trustees under the will of Parmelia A. Freeman; Sophia Johnson devisee under the will of Huldah C. Freeman, Seneca Freeman Russell, Emma Benn; and Sophia Johnson Trustee of Ethel Freeman, Oliver Freeman and Clement Philips.

vs

Laura G. Freeman, Trustee of Bertha J. Davis, Clytus Freeman and Otis Freeman.

PARTITION.

Notice is hereby given that under and pursuant to an order entered on the fifth day of July, 1901, in the above entitled cause by the said Court of Cameron County, the undersigned will, on Friday, the 20th day of September, 1901, at 1 o'clock, p. m., at the office of Green & Shaffer, in the First National Bank Building, in the Borough of Emporium, sell at public auction to the highest and best bidder, as directed in said order the following described real estate:

PURPART NO. 1.

All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in the township of Shippen, Cameron County, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows; viz: Beginning at a post in the north line of tract of land purchased by Seneca Freeman from Keating & Company, deed recorded in book "G," page 72 in the Recorder's Office in and for McKean county, said post standing near the foot of the hill on the west side of Portage Creek; thence east 40 perches to a hemlock corner; thence north 52 perches to a post corner; thence east 71 perches to a stone corner, the southeast corner of lands owned by Allen Russell; thence south 115 perches to a stone corner on the line of warrant No. 1359; thence south 69° west along the warrant line 192 perches to a post on the west bank of the Portage; thence north 25° east 18 perches; thence north 32½° east 17 perches; thence north 31½° east 18 perches; thence north 22° east 9 5-10 perches; thence north 19° east 5 perches; thence north 26° east 11 4-10 perches; thence north 33° east 8 5-10 perches; thence north 28° east 9 perches; thence north 20° east 10 perches; thence north 26° east 26 4-10 perches; thence north 15° east 11 perches; thence north 7° east 11 perches to place of beginning. The last 12 courses and distances being on and near the west bank of the Portage Creek and the said tract containing one hundred acres more or less. Excepting and reserving therefrom a certain piece of land sold to Wilbur Russell and described as follows, viz: Commencing at an Elm tree on the east bank of the Portage Creek 56 feet from the upper corner of bridge over the Portage called Minard's bridge and six feet from the water line; thence south 52° east 21 perches to place of beginning. Containing one acre, more or less. Also excepting and reserving that certain piece of land sold by N. P. Minard to Clark Herrington described as follows, viz: Beginning at a hemlock stump, situate on the line of the public highway leading from Emporium to the salt works, near the upper end of N. P. Minard's mill pond, thence north 45° east 550 feet to a post; thence north 34° east 320 feet to a post corner on the line between Sol Ross and N. P. Minard; thence west along said line 190 feet to a post on the bank of the Portage Creek; thence southerly by the several courses of said Creek to a post; thence south 31° and 30' east 210 feet to the place of beginning. Containing about two acres more or less and being the tract of land occupied by Clark Herrington.

Also another piece or tract of land situate lying and being in Shippen township, Cameron County and State of Pennsylvania being part of lot No. 41 of said Keating estate, and bounded on the west by lands owned by Allen Russell. Containing 34 6-10 acres.

Also all that certain piece or parcel of land lying in the south end of warrant No. 1359 in the township of Shippen, County of Cameron and State of Pennsylvania, bounded as follows: On the west by lands of P. A. & H. C. Freeman, on the south by south line of warrant No. 1359, on the east by lands of J. S. Wiley and on the north by lands of J. S. Wiley. Containing 64 acres.

The above described pieces are contigious and constitute what is known as the Minard or Freeman farm, on the Portage Creek; situated within one mile from the business centre of Emporium. About 100 acres cleared and under cultivation. Having erected thereon 2 large 2 story dwelling houses and 1 small one story dwelling, 2 barns, wagon sheds and usual outbuildings, all in good repair. Two good apple orchards and a quantity of small fruits. Good well of water. Cleared land is fenced, other land has considerble quantity of fence and stove wood timber. Subject to a lease to April 1st, 1902.

Terms:—15 per cent. of purchase price at time bid is accepted, and balance on confirmation of sale and delivery of deed.

PURPART No. 2.

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate, in the Borough of Emporium, in the County of Cameron and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point in the center of Allegany avenue in the old line between the Felt Farm and the Freeman, Portage farm, so called; thence north 10° east along said line 1 58-100 perches to the north line of Allegany avenue; thence north 23° east along the line of land conveyed by Seneca Freeman to A. H. Boynton by deed dated April 6th, 1867, recorded in Cameron county Deed Book "B," page 355, thirteen perches to the south west corner of burying ground; thence south 85° and 45' east along the south line of burying ground 10 18-100 perches to the southeast corner of burying ground; thence south 21° and 45' west along the line of land conveyed by said Seneca Freeman to S. S. Hacket by deed dated March 1st, 1887, recorded in Cameron County Deed Book "B," page 340, twenty and three-tenths (20 3-10) perches to the center of Allegany avenue; thence north 51° and 45' west along the center of said avenue 10 3-10 perches to the place of beginning. Containing about 1 1-8 acre, be the same more or less, and bounded as follows, to-wit: on the north by burying ground, on the east by lands conveyed by said Seneca Freeman to S. S. Hacket by the deed above referred to, on the south by Allegany avenue or lands conveyed to S. S. Hacket by deed aforesaid, and on the west by lands conveyed to A. H. Boynton by the deed before referred to.

Having erected thereon one 2 story dwelling house, and usual out buildings, in good repair, well fenced and new side walk. Connected for natural gas, also has good well. Connected with sewer.

Terms, 15 per cent. when bid is accepted and balance of purchase money upon confirmation of sale and delivery of deed.

B. W. GREEN, Trustee.

Aug. 19, 1901.—4t

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Central State Normal School

Lock Haven, Pa.,

J. R. FLICKINGER, Principal.

FALL TERM, opens September 9, 1901.

A training school of the first rank for teachers. FREE TUITION for prospective teachers. High grade faculty. Splendid equipment. College preparatory fits for the best colleges. Excellent courses in

MUSIC, ELOCUTION
and BUSINESS.

Expenses lower than in any other institution of equal rank. Remember tuition is absolutely free to prospective teachers who are seventeen years of age.

Address for illustrated catalogue.

22-2m THE PRINCIPAL.

SECOND TO NONE.

Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.

396 to 408 Main St.—American Block,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

The Great Pan-American Store.

Our store is one of the attractions of the city. All conveniences and comforts for visitors.

Bureau of information.

Ladies' parlors and waiting room.

Refreshment room for ladies and gentlemen. Meals any time between 8 a. m. and 6 p. m. at moderate prices.

Headquarters for Pan-American souvenirs, Buffalo and Niagara Falls souvenirs.

We are now showing new spring goods in all departments, including millinery, cloaks, suits, waists, gloves and neckwear.

In dress goods, silks and wash fabrics we also lead the trade of Buffalo.

We show hundreds of private patterns in new carpets which can be seen in no other store in Buffalo.

All correspondence promptly attended to.

ADAM, MELDRUM & ANDERSON CO.,

396-408 Main Street,

The American Block.

BUFFALO, N. Y

The Popular Store

We are headquarters for Men's Furnishing Goods. There is a reason why we sell so many of these goods. The reason is that our line is more complete than at any other store in this section. Then again, we handle nothing but the very best, and nothing but union made goods.

We are well pleased with the business of the past two weeks, but things must move faster as our fall goods are arriving daily. We are offering some extraordinary bargains in our

Clothing Department.

Remember our Clothing is all union made. Strictly the best on the market for the money.

Men's, Youth's and
Children's Clothing,
Hats, Caps and Shoes,
Overalls, etc., etc.

Every Man

Has or ought to have an eye to his attire. Fine clothing is the uniform of success and prosperity.

Our store is an educator to wear the right and correct styles of the swellest novelties for suits and trousers. We have some fine clothes for

Business Suits,
Traveling Suits,
Dress Suits.

JASPER HARRIS,

Remember the place—Directly
Opposite Post Office, Emporium, Pa.

ELKS' FAIR!

AND CARNIVAL!

ST. MARYS, PA., August 28, 29, 30, 31, 1901

GREATEST EVENT OF THE SEASON FOR WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA.

The Park will be beautifully Illuminated by Electric Lights.
Night will be as Bright as Day.

The Following Free Attractions Both Afternoon and Evening, in Front of Grand Stands.

PROF. OSCAR NORIN, The Champion High Diver of the World. Marvellous Exhibition of high diving from tower 100 feet high into a Tank of water four feet deep. Entire exhibition lasts a full hour, and consists of FANCY and TRICK DIVING, ACROBATIC SPRING BOARD DIVING and BURLESQUE Work. Two performances daily. Afternoon and evening.

LORE AND LORE, in their laughable sketch, entitled "SI SIMKIN'S VISIT."

PROF. GEORGE LITZ, With his group of educated Spaniels. An act for Ladies and Children.

REDUCED RATES ON ALL RAILROADS.

The Great Davenport, The king of all high wire performers. The greatest of all out-door attractions before American public. Two performances daily.

Monkawire, The most Artistic Animal Inpersonator and Absolute Master, whom all the world has copied.

ELECTRIC ILLUMINATIONS FOR PARK AND RACE COURSE.

In The Midway Will be found all the leading attractions of the day. For this feature we have secured attractions that have never been seen outside of large cities.

Harington Bros., Horizontal Bar, introducing their new and novel comedy bar act, also putting on a skillful andartistic Acrobatic turn.

Horse Races, Wheelbarrow Races, Hub and Hub Races, Sack Races, Hose Races, Foot Races, Base Ball Games, and other Field Sports.

DON'T FORGET THE DAYS AND DATES.

AUG. 28, 29, 30, 31, 1901, ST. MARYS, PA.

EMPORIUM
MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.
Emporium, Pa., Aug. 14, 1901.

NEMOPHILA, per sack	$1 10
Graham, "	55
Rye "	55
Buckwheat, "	
Patent Meal "	50
Coarse Meal, per 100,	1 40
Chop Feed, "	1 40
White Middlings, "	1 30
Bran, "	1 20
Corn, per bushel,	78
White Oats, per bushel,	52
Choice Clover Seed,	At Market Prices.
Choice Timothy Seed,	
Choice Millet Seed,	
Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass,	

R. C. DODSON,
—THE—
Druggist,
EMPORIUM, PA.

IS LOCATED IN THE CORNER STORE.
At Fourth and Chestnut Sts..

Only the purest drugs are good for sick people. They can't afford to experiment. You may safely trust your prescriptions with us. We make a specialty of this work and are proud of the success we have achieved.

Doctors appreciate the care and accuracy with which their prescriptions are compounded and that accounts for our large trade.

R. C. DODSON.
Telephone, 19-2.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postaleard or letter, personally.

A. T. Lyon, of Iberia, Ohio, visited his daughter Mrs E. J. Rogers, last week.

Miss Lucy Singler of Chicago is visiting her cousin Charles Seger and family.

Frank Graham, of Grove City, was guest of Dr. Heilman and family over Sunday.

Miss Mayme Shaffer, of St. Marys, was the guest of Miss Sarah McDonald last week.

Miss Bertha Dinger, of Glen Hazel, was an Emporium visitor during the convention.

Prof. A. L. L. Suhrie of St. Marys, was present at Thursday's program of the convention.

Mr. M. T. Leary, of West 5th street, is happy over the arrival of a 12lb. boy at his home.

Mr. Fred Julian departed last Thursday for a business trip to New York and other points.

Mr. M. M. Lupole, of Cameron, was a welcome business caller at the PRESS office on Monday.

Mr. E. H. Gregary and family left for the Pan-American on Buffalo flyer Tuesday morning.

Miss Catharine Miller. of Port Allegany, is the guest of Gordon Baker and wife at this place.

Harry McManigal and Bert Smith were among the many Renovoites who took in the convention.

Mr. H. A. Cox, wife, and two children of Philadelphia, are visiting Emporium friends this week.

Mrs. W. D. Johnson and child of Grantonia came up to spend Sunday with their husband and father.

Mrs. Elihu Lewis, who has been seriously ill for some time, is improving under the care of Dr. Baker.

Messrs. Gerg and Windfelder, of St. Marys came down to take in the Firemen's parade and ball last Thursday.

Miss Olivette Buser, of Warren, Ill., who had been visiting Dr. and Mrs. Baker, returned home Saturday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Boyer, of Renovo, were guests of Dr. Baker and wife last Friday, and took in the firemens convention.

Mrs. M. A. Craughn and Mrs. Edward O'Connor and daughter of Wilkesbarre are visiting Mrs. B. Coyle and family.

Mrs. A. H. Barr of Sterling Run paid the PRESS a pleasant call on Friday and placed the date of her subscription a year ahead.

Mr. H. C. Miller, of Fremont, Ind., was called here last week on account of the serious illness and death of his sister Mrs. Fenton.

The Misses Clara and Gussie Vosage who have been visiting at their sisters Mrs. F. Julian leave for their home at Ashland, Pa., to-day.

Mr. J. S. Buser, and wife of Mt. Vernon, Iowa, spent a few days last week with Dr. and Mrs. Baker. Mr. Buser is an uncle of the Doctor.

Miss Grace Leet is at Buffalo this week.

Mrs. O. F. Elwell and Mrs. J. Slagle are at Pan-Am.

R. H. Hirsch made a business Buffalo trip on Tuesday.

It was voted to hold the convention at St. Marys next year.

Mrs. F. C. Rieck and children are visiting friends in Canada.

Miss Scolds of Kane is visiting Mrs. C. J. Howard at Sizerville.

Miss Ethel Windward, of Boston, is the guest of Miss Anna Metzger.

Miss Rubie Thomas, of Williamsport, is visiting at the Wiley homestead.

Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Ault, of Nebraska are visiting relatives here this week.

Capt. C. F. Barclay, of Sinnemahoning was at the county seat Wednesday.

Mr. J. W. Kaye is absent on an extended business visit to Philadelphia.

C. M. Thomas and family took the flyer Tuesday morning for the Pan-Am.

J. F. Parsons made a flying business trip to Lock Haven, first of the week.

Mrs. J. S. Wiley and Mrs. C. C. Fay are on an extended visit with Corry friends.

Mrs. Dewitt Felt and Mrs. J. Paul Felt are sight seeing at the Pan-American.

Thos. Cleary is rejoicing over the arrival of that girl baby at his home on Tuesday.

Mr. Al. Hayes and wife of Bradford, visited D. C. Hayes and family the past week.

Hon. John U. Shaffer, Editor of the Renovo Record was in town between trains Friday.

B. W. Green and family are making their annual summer trip to Mr. Green's Tioga county farm.

Mr. J. E. Curtin, of Pittsburg, formerly of Driftwood is visiting in Emporium this week.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Dickenson, son and daughter are taking in the Pan-American for a week.

Mrs. Sue Fauzy and sister Miss Bessie Dunkle of Olean are visiting Emporium friends this week.

Our old friend C. L. Butler is confined to bed with a severe attack of rheumatism and pluerisy.

Mail agent Chauncy Burnell and wife are among those doing the all American show at Buffalo this week.

Mr. Herbert Day, wife, and daughter Ethel are viewing the sights of the Exposition at the Rain Bow city.

Miss Florence McDonald of Driftwood is the guest of her cousin Miss Christie MacDonald on Fifth st.

Mrs. J. H. Reed of Williamsport and Miss Alice Paul of Waynesboro, are guests of O. B. Barnes and family.

B. U. Slocum has secured a position as machinist at Cleveland O. and has removed his family to that place.

Mrs. Straus, of Philadelphia, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Fred Julian returned to her home Wednesday.

Boyd Bloom. of Williamsport, has been visiting his brother-in-law J. E. Ness and family the past few days.

Orves Hemphill, who is located at Crescent Springs, came home last week and attended the firemen's convention.

C. J. Miller, of Mason Hill was transacting business in Emporium on Monday and made the PRESS a pleasant call.

Miss Ada Hockley who has been spending the summer with Mrs. Wm. Howard at Williamsport has returned home.

C. R. Husted, the faithful manager of Leet & Co. store, is taking a much needed vacation. He will visit the Pan-American.

Miss Maude Thomas and her friend Miss Maurer of Philadelphia departed for Buffalo Tuesday where they will "do" the Pan American this week.

Grant S. Wiley is in the Williamsport Hospital suffering from an attack of typhoid fever. His many friends hope for a speedy recovery.

Mrs W. C. Chesbro, of Clearmont, Va., and her two daughters Kate and Mabel also Master Donald were guests of E. J. Rogers and family last week.

Misses Claire and Genevieve Shaffer, of Renovo, were guests of C. W. Shaffer and wife during firemen's convention. They are very excellent young ladies.

Miss Helen Voshage whose attractive social qualities and pleasing voice have won for her many friends and admirers in Emporium leaves for her home at Philadelphia this week.

Mr. W. Grant Egbert, founder and director of the Ithaca Conservatory of Music, accompanied by his wife is visiting Judge Walker and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Raymond, of Gold, Potter county are visiting their children Mrs. F. D. Leet, Mrs. L. K. Huntington and Miss H. L. Raymond at this place.

Mrs. Thos. Gallegher and Miss Mazie Gallegher departed the first of the week for a visit with relatives in New York state, visiting the Pan-American on the way.

We noticed Messrs. Rol. McClain and F. J. McGloin two of Ridgway's most popular young men were among the victorious running team of the Emerald Hose company.

A letter received from Ed Dion states that he is in poor health and has been in a hospital for five months. Mr. Dion left here for the Alaska gold fields two years ago.

The many friends of Geo. P. Jones, who has been suffering from an attack of malignant typhoid at Nashville, Tenn., will be pleased to learn that his condition is much improved.

Editor Mullin and wife are sojourning by the sad sea waves at Atlantic City this week. All new subscribers to the PRESS will receive as a special premium a picture of Harry in a bathing suit.

Dr. Rich, of the Williamsport Hospital, visited his daughter, Mrs. Wiley, at Hotel Edgcomb Thursday.....D. H. Lamb and family are entertaining his brother Charles, of Minneapolis, who arrived at this place yesterday—Galeton Dispatch.

Prof. H. F. Stauffer and wife of Millville, N. J., accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Rentz of this place left here for Buffalo Tuesday morning where they will view the interesting sights of the Pan-Am. It is safe to say, Pierce and the Professor can tell you all about the Midway on their return.

BRIEF MENTION.

A reception was given to the Poet's Club at Newton Terrace on Monday evening.

Mr. Geo. Stevens killed a large rattle snake in the yard at the rear of his residence on east fifth street one evening last week.

Chief of police Mundy proved his ability as an officer of public safety in the quiet, dignified manner which he preserved the peace of our town and handled the large crowd during the convention.

The decorations of our homes, places of business and public buildings were unique in their arrangement and display and challenged the highest admiration of the visitors.

The visiting fire laddies found the accomodations offered by the ladies of St. Marks church to be among the most excellent of any in town.

The large audience that gathered in the Methodist Episcopal church Sunday evening was given a genuine musical treat. Mrs. Gertrude Walker Egbert who has been pursuing her vocal studies at Paris rendered two solos in a manner that completely captivated her auditors, the violin obligatos were rendered by her sister Miss Grace Walker, with Miss Anna Metzger presiding at the organ in her usual admirable manner.

The Emporium base ball team played two very interesting games with the Port Allegany nine at this place last Friday. The morning game stood 7 to 7 after playing eleven innings and as it was late, they decided to let it stand that way and prepare for the afternoon struggle. This game was an exciting exhibition of ball playing, as the score up to the seventh inning was 1 to 1, when Emporium succeeded in bunching their hits and scored three runs. This game at end of ninth inning being 5 to 2. Stout and Freil were the battery for the home team at the morning game, and Overturf and Mumford presided in the afternoon. The boys all played good ball and deserve substantial encouragement.

Lecture on India.

Miss S. L. Sonubae Keskar, of Sholapoor, Bombay Presidency, India, gave a lecture at the Free Methodist church last evening.

Miss Keskar received her preliminary education at Peddie Institute, Newark, N. J., and is now pursuing a course in medicine at the Womans Medical College of Philadelphia.

In company with Mrs. Geo. Stevens and Mrs. E. J. Fauzy, Miss Keskar make the PRESS a very pleasant call on Tuesday.

Letter to A. Brady.

Emporium, Pa.

Dear Sir: If you want your paint to last as long as that of other houseowners in your town is going to last, you should use lead and zinc.

You can mix your own, or buy Devoe, as you like. The result will not be the same, however. Devoe lead and zinc is ground in oil and thoroughly mixed. Machinery does it. Hand-work can't compete with machine-work, either in cost or thoroughness. Mixing by hand is imperfect mixing; and zinc is peculiarly hard to mix; wants grinding.

Lead and oil is honest paint; but less durable. Lead is tender and zinc is tough. The proper mixture ground together is better than either alone. French painters use zinc alone; but American painters think it is too hard, and mix it with lead.

Yours truly,
46 F. W. DEVOE & Co.

What A Tale It Tells.

If that mirrow of yonrs shows a wretched, sallow complexion, a jaundiced look, moth patches and blotches on the skin, its liver trouble; but Dr. King's New life Pills regulate the liver, purify the blood, give clear skin, rosy cheeks rich complexion. Only 25c at L. Taggarts drug store.

Astounded the Editor.

Editor S. A. Brown, of Bennettsville, S. C, was once immensely surprised. "Through long suffering from Dyspepsia," he writes, "my wife was greatly run down. She had no strength or vigor and suffered great distress from her stomach, but she tried Electric Bitters which helped her at once, and, after using four bottles, she is entirely well, can eat anything. It's a grand tonic, and its gentle laxative qualities are splendid for torpid liver." For Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Stomach and Liver troubles it's a positive, guaranteed cure. Only 50c at L. Taggarts.

Their Secret is Out.

All Sadieville, Ky., was curious to learn the cause of the vast improvement in the health of Mrs. S. P. Whittaker, who had for a long time, endured untold suffering from a chronic bronchial trouble. "It's all due to Dr. King's New Discovery," writes her husband. It completely cured her and also cured our little grand-daughter of a severe attack of Whooping Cough. It positively cures Coughs, Colds, LaGrippe, Bronchitis, all Throat and Lung troubles. Guaranteed, bottles 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at L. Taggart's drug store.

To Save Her Child.

From frightful disfigurement Mr. Nannie Galleger, of La Grange, Ga., applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve to great sores on her head and face, and writes its quick cure exceeded all her hopes. It works wonders in Sores, Bruises, Skin Eruptions, Cuts, Burns, Scalds and Piles 25c. Cure guaranteed by L. Taggart druggist.

AUDITORS' REPORT.

OF THE

Receipts, Expenditures, Assets and Liabilities of Emporium Borough for Year 1900-1901.

WM. F. LLOYD, Borough Treasurer in account with Emporium Borough.

RECEIPTS.

Cash on hand last audit	$802 55
Received from C.H. Jessop, Coll. on account of taxes for 1897	15 25
Received from C.H. Jessop, Coll. on account taxes for 1898	227 33
Received from C. H. Jessop, Coll. on account taxes for 1899	139 84
Received from C. H. Jessop, Coll. on account taxes for 1900	790 98
Received from C. H. Jessop, Coll. on account dog tax for 1900	95
Received from C.H. Jessop, Coll. on account of dog tax for 1899	4 75
Received from repairing and cleaning sidewalks	31 23
Received from fines and licenses	150 80
Received from C. M. Thomas, County Treasurer for liquor licenses	1,482 00
Received from Auditor General for foreign insurance	64 17
Received for use of scraper	3 00
Received from C. M. Thomas, County Treasurer, taxes returned by Coll.	1 76
Received 3 per cent. on bill L. M. Patterson & Co., $167.70	5 03
Total receipts	$3,719 64

EXPENDITURES.

For Streets and Crossings.

Wm. Brown, labor	$ 75
W. Palmer, labor	75
John Welsh, labor	37 00
Thos. Cavanaugh, labor	61 42
Jas. Farrell, labor	75
Sam Parker, labor	30
Kearney Kinney, labor	19 20
A. Dolphy, lrbor	4 50
D. Jordan, labor	6 00
Thos. Smith, labor	15 05
J. Hemphill, labor	2 25
Wm. Snyder, labor	17 85
R. Hemphill, labor	9 60
Orvis Hemphill, labor	3 00
Dan Downey, labor	9 60
J. Davins, labor	1 50
T. Robinson, labor	4 00
D. Keller, labor	4 50
O. Easterbrooks, labor	75
Fred Leutze, labor	4 50
R. Fountain, labor	1 50
A. Vogt, labor	1 95
Jas. Thomas, labor	2 70
John Thomas, labor	1 20
F. Babcock, labor	45
Larry Smith, labor	45
E. Monical, labor	4 12
Eldon Lewis, labor	2 00
J. Farrell, labor	75
Asa Murry, labor	99
N. R. Hacket, labor	90
R. Hacket, labor	75
C. Vogt, labor	2 25
A. Chapman, labor	1 50
John Kelley, labor	1 50
H. Robinson, labor	45
W. Haviland, labor	60
J. Bailey, labor	1 59
Thos. Radigan, labor	60
F. G. Judd, teamwork	1 40
J. Haviland, teamwork	35 00
A. Housler, teamwork	5 25
Chas. Fry, teamwork	1 25
Moses Minard, teamwork	1 75
David Hayes, teamwork	8 25
John Blinzler, teamwork	5 50
Thos. Lyons, teamwork	1 75
P. R. Beattie for services as Street Commissioner	420 00
	$709 58

For Stone Crossings.

Peter Schweikart	$86 50

For Printing.

Paid Cameron County Press	$73 50
Paid East Emporium Independent	57 50
	$131 00

For Police.

Paid Frank Mundy, Chief of Police	$200 00
Paid Thos. Welsh, special police	6 00
Paid C. Maloy, special police	6 00
Paid R. Bingman, special police	6 00
Paid for police supplies	20 15
	$238 15

For Sewers.

Paid L. M. Prtterson & Co., sewer pipe	$167 70
Paid freight on same	29 55
	$197 25

For Lumber.

Paid S. S. Hacket	$90 82
Paid C. B. Howard & Co	84 90
	$175 72

For Fire Department.

For airing and drying hose	$20 00
For hauling apparatus to fire	6 00
For repairs	2 25
Rescue Hook and Ladder Co., No. 1, appropriation	200 00
Mountaineer Hose Co., No. 1. ap'ration	200 00
Citizens Hose Co., No. 2, appropriation	200 00
Hamilton Hose Co., No. 3, apropriation	150 00
	$778 25

For Sundries.

St. Marys Gas Co., for gas	$435 50
John Kriner, repairs to city hall	13 84
F. G. Yonkers, supplies	8 51
Emporium Machine Co., repairs	80
Appropriation to Board of Health	15 00
Phila & Erie Land Co., bal. on purchase	220 68
Josiah Howard, audit 1899-1900	6 75
A. C. Blum, audit 1899-1900	10 50
G. S. Allen, audit 1899-1900	6 00
Dog tax returned, W. Snyder	1 00
Dog tax refunded, D. Geery	1 00
J. A. Fisher, blacksmith work	2 50
Walker, Howard, & Co., supplies	24 99
J. F. Parsons, nails	80
S. J. Hacket, supplies	1 45
Best Street Light Co., one light	4 25
Grant S. Allen, insurance	21 00
Whittemore Hill Road appropriation	100 00
J. D. Marshall, repairs	1 00
C. J. Goodnough, recording	2 78
Johnson & McNarney, settlement claim Mrs. Elizabeth Watts	200 00
Green & Shaffer, attorney fees	15 00
C. J. Goodnough, one yr salary as clerk	50 00
J. Lacy for refunded tax	60
	$1,143 95
Paid State Treasure, tax on bonds	14 06
Total expenditures	$3,474 46

RECAPITULATION.

Total receipts	$3,719 64
Total expenditures $3,474.46	
Cash on hand 245.18	
	$3,719 64

ASSETS.

Cash in Treasury	$245 18
Due from C. H. Jessop, 1898 tax	5 58
Due from C. H. Jessop, 1899 tax	239 08
Due from C. H. Jessop, 1899 dog tax	43 00
Due from C. H. Jessop, 1900 tax	229 10
Due from C. H. Jessop, 1900 dog tax	59 00
	$820 94

LIABILITIES—None.

W. F. LLOYD, Treasurer, in account with Emporium Water Tax.

RECEIPTS.

Cash on hand last audit	$37 68
Received from C. H. Jessop, Coll. 1897	6 61
Received from C. H. Jessop, Coll. 1898	410 79
Received from C. H. Jessop, Coll. 1899	119 76
Received from C. H. Jossop, Coll. 1900	842 69
Received from C. M. Thomas, County Treasurer, for tax returned by Coll.	2 71
Total receipts,	1,420 24

EXPENDITURES.

Paid order No. 134	$560 00
Paid order No. 55	560 00
Paid part order No. 127	300 00
Total expenditures	$1,420 00

RECAPITULATION.

Total receipts	$1,420 00
Total expenditures $1,420.00	
Cash on hand 24	
	$1,420 24

ASSETTS.

Cash in treasury	$ 24
Due from C. H. Jessop, Coll. 1899 tax	247 09
Due from C. H. Jessop, Coll. 1900 tax	398 96
	646 29

LIABILITIES.

Balance on order No. 127	$230 00
Order No. 138	560 00
	$823 00
Liabilities over Assets	173 71

W. F. LLOYD, Treasurer, in account with Emporium Borough Bond Fund.

RECEIPTS.

Cash on hand last audit	$112 53
Received from C. H. Jessop, Coll. 1897	10 43
Received from Coll. Jessop, Coll. 1899	46 60
Received from C. H. Jessop, Coll. 1900	400 66
Received from C. M. Thomas, County Treasurer for tax returned by Coll.	1 90
Total receipts	$572 12

EXPENDITURES.

Paid 72 coupons from No. 21 to 56 inclusive (2 each at $250 each)	$180 00
Paid one years interest on bond No. 16	5 00
Paid bonds No. 16, 21, 22, 23 of $100 each	400 00
Total expenditures	$585 00

ASSETTS.

Due from C. H. Jessop, Coll. 1898 tax	$56 80
Due from C H. Jessop, Coll. 1899 tax	215 47
Due from C. H. Jessop, Coll. 1900 tax	352 01
	$624 28

LIABILITIES.

Due W. F. Lloyd, Treasurer	$12 88
Outstanding bonds	3,300 00
	$3,312 88

W. F. LLOYD, Treasurer, in account with Newton Cemetery Fund.

RECEIPTS.

Cash on hand last audit	$261 32

EXPENDITURES—None.

ASSETTS.

Cash in Treasury	$261 32
Due on lots	175 00
	$436 32

LIABILITIES—None.

We, the undersigned Auditors of the Borough of Emporium, Pa., hereby certify that we have examined, audited, adjusted and settled the several accounts of the Borough Treasurer of said Borough, and that the foregoing is a true and correct statement of the same.

Witness our hands this 28th day of June, 1901.

GRANT S. ALLEN,
A. C. BLUM,
A. F. ANDREWS,
Borough Auditors.

Emporium Furniture Co.

Furniture Dealers.
Funeral Directors.

Residence up Stairs. Open all Night.

BERNARD EGAN, Manager.

Fall and Winter Goods
NOW HERE.

If you want a good suit, now is the time. Don't wait too long. The sooner you come the better selection you will have.

Now about the fit. We can fit you better than anybody in this section. Some people have an idea that we charge more, but that is not the case. We make suits just as cheap and cheaper than others, and you are sure to get a first-class fit and an up-to-date suit. Give us a trial.

BEDARD
The Tailor and Furnisher.
J. L. FOBERT, Manager

OLD RELIABLE
DRUG STORE.

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES
AND KALSOMINE.

Plenty of houses in town painted ten to twelve years, with my paint, which I would be glad to show any man. Ask some other dealer in town to show you a house painted ten years with his paint, and he will ask to be excused.

WALL PAPER!
PRICE REDUCED!
VARIETY UNEXCELLED.

The wall paper hangers in town are boycotting me—don't know whether you can get one of them to hang my paper or not, but buy my paper and I will see that your rooms are properly adorned. Another year you will get your decorating done for less money than you ever heard of, and it may be done this season yet.

A Word of Warning.

L. TAGGART.

Attention!

Money can be saved by going to see J. E. Smith during the month of August, and investing in some of the bargains he is offering. We are going to give money away, by selling all our Summer Goods from one-fourth to one-half below marked prices. This sale will include all our Figured Lawns, Dimities, Percales, Organdies, Piques, Dotted Swiss, dark and light colored prints, Ladies' Shirtwaists, Skirts and Neckwear, Ladies' and Gents' Summer Underwear, also Men's, Ladies', Misses and Children's Straw Hats. This sale will include some bargains in Men's, Boys', Ladie's and Children's Shoes.

Prices will be cut 25 to 50 per cent on all our bargain goods.

	Former price.	Now
Ladies' Shirt Waists,	$1.75	$1.00
Ladies' Shirt Waists,	1.00	75c
Ladies' Shirt Waists,	.50	33c
Ladies' Shirt Waists, one lot for		25c
Men's Fancy Shirts, 25, 39 and 50c		

Come early and secure some of the best bargains of your life time. Our terms on this Cut Price Sale are Cash.

Yours to please,

J. E. SMITH,
Sterling Run, Pa.

THE SATISFACTORY STORE.

DAY'S

HEADQUARTERS
FOR CHOICE
FRUITS AND
VEGETABLES.

J. H. DAY.
Phone 6.

H. C. Olmsted's

- - Spring - Announcement. - -

Well, here we are trying to get our share of the trade of Emporium and vicinity.

We are better prepared than ever before to fill all of your wants. Having added to our stock a

Full Line of Groceries,

and have not neglected to add to the Dry Goods and Notion departments fresh and seasonable goods. Our Lace Curtain stock was never so complete as NOW. A full stock of muslins, prints, percales, ginghams and White Goods. An especially nice line of Black Dress Goods.

Dress and Work Shoes for Ladies Gentlemen and Children.

CARPETS AND MATTINGS, Oil Cloths, &c., &c. Come and see how well we will please you.

C. JAY GOODNOUGH,
Assignee.

A MOTHER'S SONG.

While you sleep, I—watching—hear,
Little hearts, how strong you beat
With the pure young life-blood, sweet,
Unpolluted yet by fear;
Till my own proud pulses leap,
While you sleep.

Hid behind the fast-closed eyes
What entranced dreams must lie!
Many a lovely fantasy
Veiled from us who are grown wise—
We, who sometimes watch and weep
While you sleep.

Little hands, that closely hold
Favorite toys which soothed your rest;
Here a doll clasped to the breast,
There a book with tale oft told—
All your treasure safe to keep,
While you sleep.

While you sleep, the calm dark night
Passes by so cruelly fast.
Little hearts! Time seems so vast,
Love is fain to hold you tight.
One more kiss; away I creep
While you sleep.

—Constance Farmar, in Chambers' Journal.

BORN TO SERVE

By Charles M. Sheldon,

Author of "IN HIS STEPS," "JOHN KING'S QUESTION CLASS," "EDWARD BLAKE," Etc.

(Copyright, 1900, by Charles M. Sheldon.)

CHAPTER I.—CONTINUED.

Yet she had herself said many times during her college course in the study of social economics that service was a noble thing. And, as she went up to her room that night after a long and tender conference with her mother, in which the two had grown nearer together than ever before, she seemed to call to mind the many passages of the New Testament which speak of Jesus not only as a household servant but even as a "bond servant." And it came to her with heaven-born courage that if the Son of God became "full grown" through His sufferings endured in ministering to others, why might it not be the way in which she and all other of God's children should develop their real lives and grow into power as kings and queens in the Kingdom? It is doubtful if ever before that evening Barbara had caught a real glimpse of the meaning of service. She did catch something of it now. She opened her New Testament, and it was not by chance that she turned to the passage in Luke, twenty-second chapter:

"And there arose also a contention among them which of them is accounted to be the greatest. And He said unto them, The kings of the Gentiles have lordship over them; and they that have authority over them are called benefactors. But ye shall not be so; but he that is greater among you, let him become as the younger, and he that is chief as he that doth serve. For which is greater, he that sitteth at meat or he that serveth? Is not he that sitteth at meat? But I am in the midst of you as he that serveth. But ye are they which have continued with me in my temptations. And I appoint unto you a kingdom even as my Father appointed unto me, that ye may eat and drink at my table in my kingdom." (Luke 22:24-29.)

Then she kneeled and prayed:

"Dear Lord, make me fit to serve, use me to the glory of Thy kingdom in the new life before me. Make me worthy to be a servant, to be like my Master. Amen."

So Barbara Clark began her new experience, which profoundly affected not only her own life for all time to come, but the lives of very many other souls in the world. And that night she slept the sleep which belongs to all the children of the kingdom, whose earthly peace is as the peace of God.

CHAPTER II.

IT IS SWEET TO TOIL.

It was four weeks after Barbara Clark had been at work as a "hired girl" in the Ward family. She was sitting in her little room at the back of the house, writing a letter to one of her classmates in Mt. Holyoke. She wrote slowly, with many grave pauses and with an anxious look on her face.

"The fact is, Jessie," the letter went on, after several pages describing a part of the four weeks' experience, "I have come to the conclusion that I am not born to be a reformer. It was all very well when we studied social economics to have our heroic ideals about putting certain theories into practice, but it is quite another thing to do it. I thought when I came here that I might do some great things; but there are no great things about it, just nothing but drudgery, and thankless drudgery at that. And yet Mrs. Ward—but I must not say any more about her. I have stayed out my month as I agreed to do, and to-morrow I am going to let her know that I cannot stay any longer. I think I shall try a place in Bondman's after all. It seems like a poor sort of position, after all the dreams we had at Mount Holyoke; but anything is better than what I have been doing. I would not have mother know this, and I have not said as much to her yet. Poor mother! She must be disappointed in me. I am in myself. I am glad you are so well suited with your school. There is a good deal of the blues in this letter; and, to tell the truth, it is just as I feel. 'A Hired Girl for Four Weeks!' How would it read as title to a magazine article? I might get a few dollars for my experiences if I chose to exploit them. Instead of that, I have given them to you gratis. Shed a tear for me, Jessie, over the grave of my little, useless experiment in practical economics. Your classmate, BARBARA CLARK."

Barbara wearily folded the letter, put it in the envelope, directed it, stamped it; and then, being hardly more than a girl, and a very tired girl, and at the moment one disappointed with herself and all the world, she laid her head down on the little table and cried hard. To tell the truth, it was not the first time that the little table in the little room at the back of the house had seen Barbara's tears since she had come to work at Mrs. Richard Ward's as a "hired girl."

So this was the end of all her heroic enthusiasm for service. It had all turned out in disappointment. To begin with, the weather had been intensely hot all the time. The work was harder in many ways than Barbara had anticipated. Her mother had not been well. One week Mrs. Ward had gone to bed with a succession of nervous headaches. And so on with ceaseless recurrence of the drudgery that grew more and more tiresome. At the end of the month Barbara had summed up everything and resolutely concluded to leave.

She had not yet gathered courage to tell Mrs. Ward. The woman had been very kind to her in many ways. But she was not well, and there were days when things had occurred that almost sickened Barbara when she recalled them. When she went downstairs the next morning after writing the letter to her former classmate, Barbara had fully made up her mind, not only to give notice of her intention to leave, but to give Mrs. Ward all her reasons why she could not work as a "hired girl" any longer.

About ten o'clock in the forenoon Mrs. Ward came into the kitchen for something, and Barbara, with a feeling that was almost fear, spoke to her as she was turning to go back into the dining-room.

"I ought to tell you, Mrs. Ward, that I have decided to leave you. My month is up to-day, and I—"

Mrs. Ward looked at her in amazement.

"What! You are going to leave? Why, we are more than satisfied with you!"

"But I am not with you or the place!" replied Barbara, so spiritedly that it was the nearest to an exhibition of anger that Mrs. Ward had ever seen in her, during the whole month.

Mrs. Ward sunk down in a chair, and a look of despair came over her face as she looked at Barbara. Barbara, with a white face and trembling hands, went on with her work at the table. She was preparing some dish for baking.

"Why—what—haven't we been kind to you? Haven't the wages—Mr. Ward was saying to me this morning that we ought to give you more. I am sure," Mrs. Ward continued eagerly, noting Barbara's set expression, "I am sure we would be glad to make it four and a half a week, or possibly five."

"It's not that," answered Barbara, in a low voice. She took up the dish and put it in the oven, and then, after a moment of hesitation, she sat down and looked at Mrs. Ward very gravely.

"What is it, then?" Mrs. Ward asked hopelessly.

"Do you want me to tell you all the reasons I have for leaving?" Barbara asked the question with a touch of the feeling she had already shown.

"Have you made out a list?" Mrs. Ward asked carelessly. It was that characteristic of the woman that had oftenest tried Barbara.

"Yes, I have," replied Barbara; and she added, with a different tone, as if she had suddenly put a check on her temper: "Mrs. Ward, I don't want to leave you without giving you good reasons. That would not be fair, either to you or to me."

"I ought to know," replied Mrs. Ward, slowly. She still looked at Barbara sharply, and Barbara could not tell exactly what the woman was really thinking.

"Then, in the first place," began Barbara, "my room is the hottest room in the house. It is right over the kitchen, it has no good ventilation, and it is not attractive in any

"I DON'T MIND IT DURING THE WEEK."

way as a room at the close of a hard day's work."

"It is the room my girls have always had." Mrs. Ward spoke quickly and angrily.

"Maybe that is one reason you have had so many," said Barbara, grimly. The memory of the hot nights spent in the little back room framed Barbara's answer.

Mrs. Ward started to her feet. "This is impertinence," she said, while her cheeks grew red with anger.

"It is the truth! You asked me to give my reasons for leaving. That is one of them," replied Barbara, calmly. "It is true of a good many other houses in Crawford, too. The smallest, least attractive, poorest room in the house is considered good enough for the girl. I know it isn't true of a great many houses that furnish as comfortable a room for the servant as for any other member of the family. But it is true of this house. I am not blaming you for it, but whoever made the house for the express purpose of planning to give the hired girl of the house that particular room, which in this case happens to be the hottest, most uncomfortable room in the building."

Mrs. Ward sat down, and again looked at Barbara keenly. Her anger vanished suddenly, and she said, with a faint smile: "I don't know but you are right about that. Will you go on?"

"In the second place," Barbara went on, slowly, "I have not had any regular hours of work. Four nights this week I worked until ten o'clock. Three nights last week I sat up until 11 with the children while you and Mr. Ward went to entertainments or were out to dinner."

"But what shall we do?" Mrs. Ward suddenly cried out despairingly. "Some one must stay with the children. And Mr. Ward and I have social duties we cannot neglect. I am sure we go out very little compared with other people."

"I can't answer your questions," Barbara replied. "But I know one reason why I feel like leaving is because I never know whether my work is going to end at eight or nine or ten or eleven o'clock. There is no regular hours of labor in a hired girl's life, in this house."

"Neither are there any regular hours of labor in a mother's life in a home," said Mrs. Ward, quietly. "Is your burden harder than mine? Or is it any harder than your own will be if you ever have a home and children as I have?"

The sudden question smote Barbara as a new one, and in a moment she felt conscious of an unthought of problem in the social economics of housekeeping. She had not thought it all out, as she had told her mother. If the home life was never to be free from the necessary drudgery of life, why should she complain if in the course of service in a family exact hours and limits of service could not very well be determined? She was somewhat troubled in her mind to have the question thrust upon her just now. She was not prepared for it.

"In any case," she finally said, reluctantly, "the hours are so long and so uncertain that—"

"But you have Thursday afternoon and nearly all of Sunday. You have more real leisure than I have."

"But you would not be willing to change places with me?" Barbara asked, looking at Mrs. Ward doubtfully.

"It is not a question of changing places. I simply want you to see that in the matter of time you are not abused. But go on with the other reasons." And Mrs. Ward folded her hands in her lap with a resigned air that made Barbara wince a little, for what she was going to say next would in all probability anger her.

"Another reason why I have decided to leave is the Sunday work. During the four Sundays I have been here you have invited in several friends to Sunday dinner. This makes Sunday morning my hardest day."

"It has happened so this last month, that is true," Mrs. Ward confessed reluctantly; "but it has been rather unusual. In three instances I remember the gentlemen invited were particular business friends of Mr. Ward, and he was anxious to please them, and invited them home with him from church rather than send them to a hotel. But such social courtesies are a part of a man's home life. What shall he do? Never invite a friend home to dinner for fear of giving the girl a little extra trouble?"

"I don't mind it during the week," Barbara replied, thoughtfully, "but it does not seem to me to be just the thing on Sunday. A good many families make it a rule not to have extra Sunday dinners. Do you think it is quite fair?"

"We haven't time to discuss it. Go on," Mrs. Ward answered, not sharply, as Barbara thought she might. There were traces of tears in the older woman's eyes that disarmed Barbara at once. The excitement of her nervous tension was beginning to subside, and the attempt to narrate her grievances in their order was helping her to see them in their just light. Besides, Barbara had received some new ideas since she sat down to give her reasons for leaving. The next time she spoke it was with a feeling of doubt as to her position.

"There is another thing that I have felt a good deal, Mrs. Ward. You have asked me to give reasons. You will not think me rude if I go on?"

"I asked you to go on," Mrs. Ward replied, smiling feebly.

"Well, during the four weeks I have been in the family, you have never invited me to come into the family worship, and you have never asked me to go to church with you, although I told you when I came that I was a member of a Christian Endeavor society in Fairview before we moved to Crawford. I don't mind so much being left out of the church services, but I cannot get over the feeling that as long as I am a hired servant I have no place, so far as my religious life is concerned, in the family where I serve."

Contrary to Barbara's expectation, Mrs. Ward did not reply at once; and, when she did, her voice was not angry. It was, rather, a sorrowful statement that gave Barbara reason to ask herself still other questions.

"There are some places in a family that are sacred to itself. Mr. Ward has always said that he thought the hour of family devotions was one of the occasions when a family had a right to be all by itself. Of course, if friends or strangers happen to be present in the home, they are invited into this inner circle, but not as a right, only as a privilege. We have had so many girls in the house who for one reason and another would not come into worship, even if asked, that for several years we have not asked them. But the main reason is Mr. Ward's. Is there to be no specially consecrated hour for the family in its religious life? Is it selfish to wish for one spot in the busy day sacred to the home circle alone?"

Barbara was silent. "I have not wished to intrude into your family life. I only felt hungry at times to be recognized as a religious being with the rest of you. Would my occasional presence have totally destroyed the sacred nature of your family circle?"

"O, I don't know that it would," sighed Mrs. Ward. "I have only given you Mr. Ward's reason. He feels quite strongly about it. As to the church. Do you think I ought to invite my servant to go with me?"

"I would if you were working for me," replied Barbara, boldly, for she was on sure ground now, to her own mind.

"Are you sure?"

"I know I would," Barbara replied, with conviction.

Mrs. Ward did not answer, but sat looking at Barbara thoughtfully. Barbara rose and looked into the oven, changed a damper, and then went over to the table and stood leaning against it.

"Your other reasons for leaving?" Mrs. Ward suddenly asked. As she asked it, Carl came into the kitchen and went up to Barbara.

"I want a pie. Make me a pie, Barbara, won't you?" he asked, climbing up into a chair at the end of the table and rubbing his hands into the flour still on the kneading-board.

Barbara smiled at him, for they were good friends, and she had grown very fond of the child.

"Yes, if your mother thinks best and you will sit down there like a good boy and wait a little." Carl at once sat down, only begging that he might have the dish that Barbara had used to mix eggs and sugar in.

"I have told nearly all the reasons, I think," Barbara answered slowly, and she turned toward Mrs. Ward. "Of course, there is always the reason of the social loss. I don't know any of the young women in Crawford; but, if I did, I do not think that any of those who have money or move in social circles would speak to me or recognize me for myself if they ever knew I was a servant."

Mrs. Ward did not answer. Barbara silently confronted her for a moment, and it was very still in the kitchen except for the beating of Carl's spoon on the inside of the cake-dish.

"And then, of course, I see no opportunity ever to be anything but a hired girl. How long would you want me to work for you, Mrs. Ward, as I have been doing for the last four weeks?"

"Indefinitely, I suppose," answered Mrs. Ward, frankly.

[To Be Continued.]

SULPHUR MATCH WON BATTLE

An Interesting Incident of the Battle Between the Germans and French at Gravelotte.

It is said that at the battle of Gravelotte, during the Franco-Prussian war, there was for some hours at a critical point of the field an appearance of greater success on the part of the French than of the Germans. Von Moltke had been made aware of the perilous position of his forces in that quarter, and he hurried to the spot. For some time it was observed by those around him that he appeared much more anxious than usual. He gained a prominent position, where he was greatly exposed to the enemy's fire. He held his cigar between two fingers of his left hand, from time to time striking a fusee and applying it to the weed, but always neglecting to put the cigar between his lips. When the crisis of the day was evidently approaching the last fusee had been burnt, and nothing but the cold ashes of Moltke's cigar remained. At length Bismarck's attention was directed to the great general, upon whose sagacity the fortune of the fight so largely depended. Moving up to him, Bismarck quietly struck a fusee, applied it to Moltke's cigar, and the welcome sight of the blue tobacco smoke curling up from the commander's lips rewarded the attention of the chancellor. Bismarck, drawing back in his solid way, said, with exultation in his voice: "All must now be well, Moltke smokes again." The battle was won.

Kimberley After the Siege.

A city relieved after a siege is a queer place. Julian Ralph, in "An American with Lord Roberts," says that there never were so few horses in the streets of any modern town as were to be seen in Kimberley, when its four tragic months were over. Of course there were no horses; the people had eaten them. The dogs consisted of bones, with a tongue hanging out. They looked like frames of dogs in process of construction.

The shops were open but the clerks had grown to be as automatic as cuckoo-clocks. Instead of saying: "Cuckoo! cuckoo!" they kept on remarking: "All out, ma'am! All out, sir!" in reference to the necessaries of life.

"Milk for my coffee," ordered the newcomer.

"The regulars has the only milk there is," replied the restaurant-keeper. "Likewise the jam, and they won't give it up."

"Give me a match," was the next request, and the host replied: "There's the candle. The matches run out in November."

He Wanted Too Much.

"You say you think your boy has too great an appetite," said the physician to an anxious mother. "Do you realize how much a growing boy can eat?"

"I should think I ought to, if anybody does," returned the boy's parent. "I'll just put the case to you, doctor.

"Where we were, up in the mountains, this summer, the waitress would come in and say to my boy: 'We have fried fish, steak, liver and bacon, baked and fried potatoes, rye biscuit, muffins and dry toast.'

"And that boy Ned would say: 'I'll take it all, please—and some eggs.'"—Youth's Companion.

The Weather Man.

The weather man is unquestionably a storm-scenter.—Chicago Daily News.

WORK OF THE WORLD

All People, Rich and Poor, Should Do Their Share of It.

California Judge Declares It Is the Duty of a Wife to Bear Some of the Financial Responsibilities of the Home.

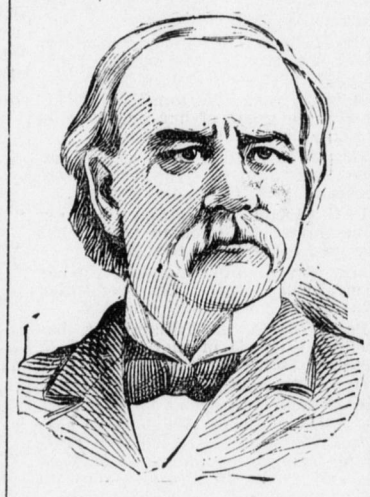
Judge Waldo M. York, of Los Angeles, Cal., is not the most popular man in southern California just now. He has brought down wrath upon his head by declaring from the bench that women should have some of the responsibility of the support of the family, and that the husband's failure to support the wife was not necessarily valid grounds for divorce. This is the judge's ruling:

"A wife might easily earn enough to support both herself and husband. I believe that women should bear some of the responsibility of the support of the family upon their own shoulders. We ought all of us to work and do something to keep the world going. The mere fact that this woman and her daughter have had to help support the family is not in itself sufficient grounds for divorce."

The decision, which is holding first place with the weather and other topics of conversation, was in the divorce suit of Mrs. Flora E. Stephens against Henry G. Stephens, which was decided in favor of the plaintiff. Mrs. Stephens brought action for freedom from her husband on the ground of cruelty and nonsupport, and told a pitiful story.

The wife left the husband, but the case is one which under the law constitutes a desertion by him, as Stephens told his wife she would have to go. They were living at the time in East Los Angeles, and she took her two children, who were living at home, and left the man who had failed to support her.

Before the Stephens family moved to Los Angeles they resided at Po-



JUDGE WALDO M. YORK.
(He Thinks a Wife Should Help Support a Family.)

mona, where the husband's neglect of and cruelty toward his family aroused such indignation that the citizens threatened to tar and feather him if he did not leave town. The man has no trade, and, according to the woman's story, no ambition and no inclination to work. Since leaving him Mrs. Stephens has been compelled to take in washing in order to support the family.

Although poor, the plucky little woman is ambitious for her children, and is putting one son through a college at Healdsburg. The boy, unlike his father, is energetic and a hard worker, and he is paying a part of his tuition by working before and after school hours. The oldest son, Amos, has a situation in Riverside county, but does little toward the support of the family. The oldest daughter, Mrs. Myrtle Woolacott, is happily married and does much to assist her mother. The youngest is a child of eight.

After these facts had been proved to the court, Mrs. Stephens' attorney, Charles Lantz, submitted the case, and Judge York rendered his decision. Touching upon the matter of nonsupport, the judge said:

"A wife might easily earn enough to support both herself and husband.

"The fact that the husband has not contributed to the support of the family without proof of his ability to do so, or proof of his neglect to do so by reason of his idleness, profligacy or dissipation, is insufficient to justify a divorce. Besides, the law does not contemplate that a poor man, relying solely upon his labor for support, should be the only laborer in the family. In this case the wife and her daughter, by honest and honorable employment, were able to earn a living and had the courage to do so. Their work was no harder than that ordinarily done by laboring people, and for aught that appears the husband may not have been able to find employment, and, if able to find employment, may not have been physically able to labor. All people, rich or poor, should do their part of the work, and not be drones, whose existence is useless.

"But it does appear in this case that the husband, prior to the separation, was extremely cruel to his wife in many ways, and that without cause he inflicted upon her grievous mental suffering and physical injuries, and upon that ground she is entitled to a divorce.

"I do not look upon this mattetr of women helping to support the family as such an extraordinary state of affairs as to warrant anybody applying for legal separation upon that ground."

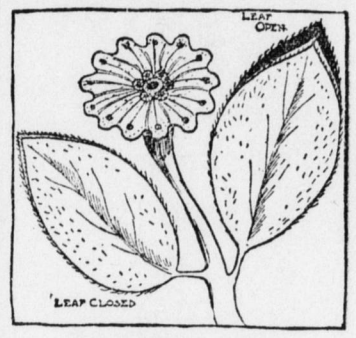
EXTRAORDINARY PLANT.

It Devours Animal Food Greedily When Given to It in Small and Tasty Morsels.

We all know that certain plants absorb and live on insects, but it has only recently been discovered that there are some curious species of plants that actually devour animal food when given to them in small morsels.

The leaves of these queer plants appear in doublets, like oyster valves. This double leaf is closed up from its base to within about three-quarters of its entire length. In the front part it is detached, the two pointed tops forming, as it were, a pair of lips, or a mouth, which the plant can open at will.

Inside this mouth is a kind of a passage or throat which extends toward



MEAT-EATING PLANT.
(Devours Animal Food When Given to It in Small Morsels.)

the body of the plant. This passage has a number of hairy bits about it, which are very fuzzy, and at the end of each bit there is a sticky substance.

When the plant opens its mouth it is evident that the trap is then set, for upon any insect entering it the lips close upon it at once, forcing it to the gummy substance of the throat. This substance has properties similar to those contained in the gastric juices of the human stomach, which help to decompose and digest the food. When so digested the food resolves itself into a liquid which is carried all over the plant to nourish and revive it.

The most marvelous thing about this newly-discovered species, says the New York World, is that it can digest such food as small morsels of beef, fish and egg gelatine, some of which, dropped into the open leaf, were retained and apparently digested. At the same time anything of a starchy or fatty substance the leaf or plant is not able to retain. It does not, therefore, close its lips upon it, and if allowed to remain in the mouth the plant will decay.

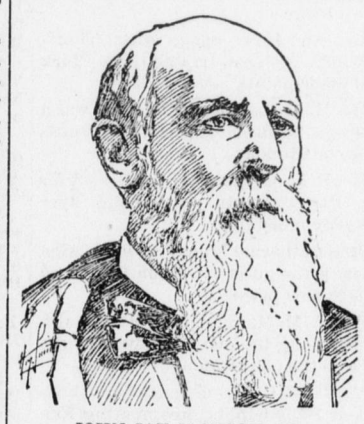
FORTY YEARS A JUDGE.

John Jay Jackson, Jr., of West Virginia, Has Sat on Bench Longer Than Any Other Man.

Judge John Jay Jackson, Jr., of Parkersburg, W. Va., celebrated the fortieth anniversary of his appointment as judge of the United States district court of West Virginia on August 3. He has sat upon the bench longer than any other judge, either federal or state, in the history of the United States.

Chief Justice Marshall, Judge Field and others sat over 30 years upon the bench, but no one has come within four years of the length of Judge Jackson's term of service.

Seventy-seven years of age, Judge Jackson might several years ago have



JOHN JAY JACKSON, JR.
(Virginia Jurist Who Has Sat on the Bench for Forty Years.)

retired, but he expects to die in the harness, and to judge by his present vigor it will be many years before he does. For he is to-day one of the most energetic of all the federal judiciary and his opinions are noted for their strength and vigor. During his term of 40 years of continuous service on the bench Judge Jackson has missed but one term of court, and that was when the confederate troops under Gen. Loring were in possession of Charleston.

Robinson Crusoe's Musket.

A Philadelphia firm of auctioneers recently offered at one of its sales Robinson Crusoe's musket. It was a fine old flintlock. It was in the possession of a grandniece of Alexander Selkirk, and its pedigree is much more unclouded than is usually the case with objects of this kind.

Wears a Copper Dress.

The bride of William A. Clark, Jr., the son of Senator W. A. Clark, the copper king, has a dress in her trousseau made of hairlike copper wire that was created in Paris especially for her. The effect is said to be unique.

Dainty Menu for Servants.

King Edward of England has ordered that the lower servants shall have in future not only joint for dinner, but also on alternate days a first course of fish or soup.

EDWARD IS POPULAR

All Classes of English Society Adore Their New King.

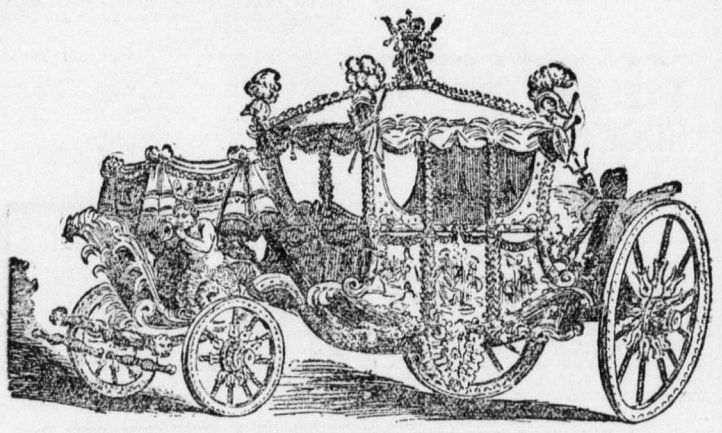
Was a Bon Vivant as Prince of Wales, But Now Is Sober and Sedate—His Coronation to Occur Next June.

[Special London Letter.]

WHEN King Edward VII. was Prince Albert Edward of Wales, he was considered the most democratic prince in Europe. Why, it would be hard to say. The people of England, as well as the masses of of other countries, raise up idols—sometimes because they are too stupid to comprehend the motives of their so-called superiors, at other times for the sole purpose of knocking them down.

As prince of Wales, the reigning British sovereign, who, by the grace of Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, is soon to be made "British emperor," was a liberal patron of the turf—an institution far dearer to the average cockney than the established church. He appeared in person at every meet of importance, his horses contested for purses and his representatives were central figures in the betting ring. Among his associates he was noted as a gambler of nerve, and scandal ventured to assert that young and inexperienced men with money in their purses were plucked like geese in the august circles patronized by the prince. His love for beautiful women was proverbial, not only at home, but also in Paris and Homburg. Had he belonged to a somewhat lower stratum of society he would have been called a sport and a rake, but being heir presumptive to the throne, the sycophants who surrounded him dubbed him "perfect gentleman and prince of good fellows."

But the transition from second fiddle to first violin wrought a change in Albert Edward which frightened his old intimates and filled the hearts of the old-fashioned aristocracy with joy. Hardly had he been proclaimed king when his character and disposition changed radically. He was no longer anybody's chum—he was everybody's sovereign. He ceased to be a patron of the turf, stopped gambling, resented familiarity and re-established customs which his venerable mother had permitted to pass into what Grover Cleveland would have called "innocuous desuetude." Instead of "liberalizing" royalty, he issued edicts recalling to life usages which had been forgotten even by the heads of the various red-tape departments of court officialdom.



THE ROYAL STATE CARRIAGE OF GREAT BRITAIN.

Yet, in spite of these reactionary measures, his majesty is more popular than ever before; and this only goes to show that the masses are not only fond of display, but that the "divinity that doth hedge a king" still is a tangible something in the public mind. Many a revolution has been avoided in past ages by royal display. By the same means dissatisfaction has been changed into adoration. When the present German emperor ascended the throne, he was not a popular monarch. He was antagonized in parliament and out of it. The people called him young and inexperienced; the nobility cold and unreliable. He made a few bellicose speeches and arranged a succession of gorgeous pageants. Wherever he appeared he was "it," and very soon the factions which had abused him most became his blindest admirers.

THE KING'S CHAMPION.

Whether the erratic William gave his British uncle a few private lessons in statecraft, as some waspish writers have had the hardihood to assert, will probably never be known. Certain it is, however, that King Edward has succeeded in winning over to his side the high aristocracy and the middle-class nonconformists, two elements which, no longer than a year or two ago, pronounced him unfit to succeed the good Victoria as ruler of a great Christian nation.

Although the coronation of the king will not take place until next June, it is the paramount topic of conversation in the English metropolis; and everybody seems to delight that the celebration is to be conducted upon a scale of magnificence unparalleled in modern history. The costermongers seem to be quite as joyful over the coming event as the aristocratic ladies who will participate in the services at Westminster abbey. It is to be an all-around "by-the-grace-of-God" affair, in which everybody can take a part—the nobility by exhibiting rare family jewels, the rabble by shouting, and rich Americans by paying exorbitant prices for windows along the line of the royal procession.

The coronation of an English king is a mediaeval ceremony of so much interest that a short description of it may be welcomed by many American readers.

The king and his consort, accompanied by the princes and princesses of blood royal and attended by the highest household and military officers and crack military organizations, proceed from the palace to Westminster abbey, at the entrance of which the sovereign is received by the great officers of state and the noblemen designated as bearers of the royal insignia. He is conducted to the robing chamber where he is clothed in surcoat of crimson velvet with a mantle and hood of the same material, trimmed with ermine and bordered with deep gold lace. After the cap of state has been placed on his head, he advances up the nave into the choir, the choristers immediately beginning the anthem. The sovereign moves to the south side of the throne and passes to a chair of state called the recognition chair, where for a few moments he gives himself up to private devotion. The archbishop of Canterbury, standing near the king, then says to the lord chancellor, the lord great chamberlain, the lord high constable and the earl marshal, who stand, respectively, in the east, west, north and south side of the abbey: "Sirs, I here present unto you King Edward, the undoubted king of this realm; wherefore all you who are come this day to do your homage, are you willing to do the same?" The sovereign stands while east, west, north and south respond in union. This is the recognition, after which the king passes to the altar, where he offers to the archbishop an altar cloth of gold and an ingot of gold weighing one pound, called the sovereign's offerings. After that follows communion, and then the oath is administered to the king. Thereupon the archbishop anoints the royal head and hands in the form of a cross, with consecrated oil. Next he is presented with the royal spurs of gold, the royal sword, the imperial mantle of cloth of gold, the orb, the ruby ring, the scepters of the two kingdoms, the scepter royal and the scepter with the dove. One represents kingly power and justice, the other equity and mercy. Then follows the actual crowning. The crown is consecrated by the archbishop who places it on the royal head. This is the signal for all the peers and peeresses to put on their coronets, the bishops their caps and the kings-of-arms their crowns.

Simultaneously the royal salute is fired and there is a loud blast of trumpets, and all the world knows that the king is crowned. At this juncture the treasurer of the household distributes the medals struck to commemorate the occasion. The administration of the sacrament and the benediction conclude the religious ceremony, which occupies several hours.

The king then exchanges the robe of state for the royal robe of purple velvet, and the orb and scepter royal are placed in his hands. He is conducted out of the abbey and returns to the palace in the same great state as in the triumphal progress to old Westminster.

Whether King Edward will have a coronation banquet is not yet known. William IV. and Victoria omitted this part of the ceremony. Should the new king conclude to have one it will revive many old customs, among them the mummery of the "champion of England." This champion is a knight dressed in mediaeval panoply of war who makes his appearance at the coronation banquet at Westminster hall and challenges to mortal combat any who may deny the title of the monarch just crowned. Should no one answer after the third defiance, the champion will approach the kng, and his majesty will drink to him from a gilt cup, which he then presents to his gallant defender. The office of champion is an ancient one, and is supposed to have been brought to England by William the Conqueror. Since the time of Richard II. it has remained in the Dymoke family, of Scrivelsby manor, Lincolnshire, the present head of which is Sir Francis Dymoke, an unpretentious country gentleman of peaceful habits and very small stature.

WILLIAM WALTER WELLS.

City of Electric Roads.

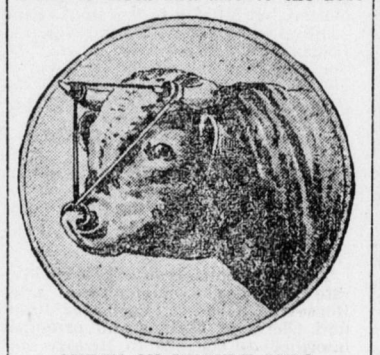
Montreal has over a hundred miles of electric road.

A CHECK ON BULLS.

Improvement on an American Device Suggested by South Australian Experimenters.

The Australian Leader suggests this improvement on a device to prevent bulls from breaking fences which was published years ago in the Country Gentleman—devised by the South Australian department of agriculture. It is described as follows:

"A block of wood is screwed on to each horn, and a wire stretched from block to block and also to the nose



CHECK ON UNRULY BULL.

ring, as shown. So long as there is no pressure on the wires between the ring and the horns, the nose ring is simply held upwards without any discomfort to the animal. Should the bull rush any other animal, or attempt to get through any fence, the pressure pulls the nose ring upwards, causing considerable pain. It requires very few experiences to teach the animal that any misbehavior on his part is attended by suffering to himself. One prominent breeder says even the fiercest of bulls is quickly tamed by this device. In place of the blocks on the horns, the latter are sometimes bored through near the point and the wires secured. The blocks may also be put on in different ways, the object being to bring the wires from the horns to the nose away from the head and face."

KOCH ON TUBERCULOSIS.

Recent Statements of the German Pathologist Should Be Taken with a Grain of Salt.

London dispatches state that Prof. Koch, the German pathologist, who is attending the British congress called to consider means for the prevention of consumption, in the course of an interview with a newspaper reporter authorized the statement that he has demonstrated that the meat and milk of cattle infected with tuberculosis may be consumed with impunity. To the newspaper correspondent he is reported to have said: "You may say substantially that I have reached the conclusion that mankind's fear of contact with tuberculosis-infected flesh and fluid is unnecessary and unfounded. I arrived at the discovery through what I consider practically indisputable tests. These experiments lead me to believe that human tuberculosis and bovine tuberculosis are two entirely distinct species. I have found the human tuberculon incapable of inoculation into the animal system. Proceeding from that premise, I am prepared to show that humanity's far-reaching precautions against infected cattle may once for all be abandoned."

The results which Dr. Koch is credited with securing are not in accord with those which have been the product of similar tests made by many pathologists of this country and Europe, and before accepting these statements at their face value we shall await further particulars.—Farmers' Review.

A Comfortable Possibility.

Never hesitating to slur the plain farmer, some of the big city dailies are cartooning the proposition advanced in a western state to establish steam laundries and bakeries in well-populated neighborhoods. Whether feasible or not, the inspiration is a good one. The hard-working farmer's wife has never been able to share very much in the labor-saving machinery and implements employed on the farm, and her position has been one of hand to hand contact with the pressing work which must be accomplished 365 days in the year. Not impossibly these enterprises could be successfully run by farmers on the cooperative plan, affording needed relief to the overworked helpmate who does so much toward the permanent success of the farmer's business and toward his comfort.—Farm and Home.

The Cows in Fly Time.

Here is something that should be preserved by every reader that owns cows, especially, and good for other cattle also in fly time. The Country Gentleman gives it from its veterinary editor, who says it is a cheap, reliable remedy used on his cows for years, and found to be lasting in results, easily used and such a comfort to the animals that they could stand and be milked in the field, if necessary. Pine tar, one pound; lard, six pounds. Melt the lard and stir in the pine tar. Keep an old sponge in the pail, and smear a little on the back of the cow's head, along the spine and on brisket twice a week, or when necessary.

Same Kind of a Cat.

Dorothy, the only daughter of a prominent western minister, possesses a will that, if it increases with her years, will be a most formidable thing to encounter by and by. As it is her father and mother are constantly being shocked by her ungodly ways and general incorrigibility. Not long ago she was playing with her kitten, which objected in frantic jumps to being dressed in a doll's golf cape; and in her sudden desperation and exasperation her mother was horrified to hear her exclaim:

"You d— little cat!"

Of course a vigorous chastisement followed and the usual penitent tears were shed and promises made, but alas, for baby resolutions! The next day the kitten again proved intractable, and childish impatience was about to express itself when she caught sight of her mother's warning eye and uplifted finger. Then with an air of resignation she said:

"That's all right, mamma, but she's the same kind of a cat that she was yesterday!"—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Those Lucky Boston Girls.

"Miss Beenz never gets nervous about the heat."

"But she's from Boston, you know."

"Yes, I fancied so. She scowled horribly when I split an infinitive yesterday. But why does that save her from worrying over the heat?"

"She never knows how hot it really is."

"Explain."

"Why, when she takes the thermometer from the hook her hands are so cold that the mercury gets a chill and falls down in a comatose condition, and by the time she can bring her nearsighted spectacles to bear on the tube the freezing point is in sight. 'Fifty-three,' she said yesterday as she stared at the thermometer. 'Isn't it singular how the imagination will affect the human mind? Now, I don't—call that hot.' And it was actually 91 degrees in the shade!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Summary Retribution.

"Behead the brass band!" shouted the Chinese emperor.

The court favorite looked questioningly at the empress dowager.

"Certainly," said she. "If it will amuse him, behead the entire band."

"But what reason shall I give?"

"Simply call attention to its lack of delicacy. As we were entering the Forbidden City it played: 'The Old Home Ain't What It Used to Be.'"—Washington Star.

THE MARKETS.

New York, Aug. 17.

Flour—Minnesota patent $3.85@4.15.
Wheat—No. 2 red 77¼c.
Corn—No. 2 at 63c.
Oats—No. 2 white 42½c.
Beeves—Steers $3.90@5.65. Veals $5.00@7.75.
Sheep—Dull at $2.00@3.75, lambs $4.00@6.12½.
Hogs—Good western hogs $6.00.

Cleveland, Aug. 17.—Flour—Winter wheat, patents, $3.60@3.80.
Wheat—No. 2 red 73½c.
Corn—No. 2 yellow 61½c.
Oats—No. 2 white 41½c.
Butter—Best creamery 22½c.
Cheese—York state 11c.
Eggs—Best 15½@16c.
Potatoes—New $1.25@1.50.
Cattle — Best steers $4.85@5.00, calves $6.00@6.50.
Sheep — Best $3.75@3.85, spring lambs $4.75@5.25.
Hogs—Yorkers $5.90.

Toledo, Aug. 17.—Wheat—No. 2 cash 73½c.
Corn—No. 2 mixed 60c.
Oats—No. 2 mixed 36¾c.

East Liberty, Aug. 17.—Cattle—Good grades $5.15@5.25.
Hogs—Yorkers $6.10.
Sheep—Best wethers $3.90@4.00, lambs $3.50@5.25.

East Buffalo, Aug. 17.—Cattle—Choice light steers $5.10, veals and calves $7.00@7.25.
Hogs—Mixed packers $6.15@6.20.
Sheep—Lambs $5.65@5.80, wethers $3.75@3.90.

Cincinnati, Aug. 17.—Hogs—Active at $4.00@6.05

EXPLORED WILDS OF BORNEO.

Dr. A. W. Nieuwenhuis, Medical Commissioner of Dutch Army in Java, Returns from Expedition.

Dr. A. W. Nieuwenhuis, a medical commissioner of the Dutch army in Java, has arrived at San Francisco on his way to Holland. He has been exploring the wilds of Borneo and in traveling from the west to the east coasts of that country he says he has done what no other white man has ever done before. On his expedition he had three white men and three natives. He won the friendship of the Dyak tribes in the interior by curing many of them of malaria by the use of quinine and they rendered him valuable assistance. He found the natives very superstitious, though well disposed toward white men.

The party made valuable collections of animals and plant life and gathered many geological specimens. Dr Nieuwenhuis has submitted many recommendations to the Dutch civil officers at Batavia for the extension of Dutch governmental authority to the interior of Borneo.

Did Not Get What He Wanted.

The late Rev. R. S. Storrs was a very hard man to interview, for he resented the inquisitiveness of the press and was icy to its agents. One evening a reporter attended a reception at his house, and in the course of the evening touched his arm and whispered: "Doctor, I'm from the ——: I want the names of guests and all the particulars." "Yes," Dr. Storrs whispered in return, "this way, this way," and, taking the young man's arm, he escorted him to the front door and put him out.—Chicago Chronicle.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?

Shake into your shoes, Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or New Shoes Feel Easy. Cures Corns, Itching, Swollen, Hot, Callous, Smarting, Sore and Sweating Feet. All Druggists and Shoe Stores sell it, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Not Strange.

Quizzer—Isn't it remarkable the interest foreigners take in American affairs from the very minute they land?

Guyer—Yes, and especially in the money question.—Kansas City Independent.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—John F. Boyer, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Unfortunately, we usually answer a fool according to his own folly.—Puck.

Cure and Prevent Pneumonia
With Hoxsie's Croup Cure. Infallible. 50cts.

There is no rest for the idler.—Ram's Horn.

WET WEATHER WISDOM!
THE ORIGINAL
TOWER'S
TRADE MARK
FISH BRAND
OILED CLOTHING
BLACK OR YELLOW
WILL KEEP YOU DRY
NOTHING ELSE WILL
TAKE NO SUBSTITUTES
CATALOGUES FREE
SHOWING FULL LINE OF GARMENTS AND HATS.
A. J. TOWER CO., BOSTON, MASS. 50

OPIUM WHISKY and other drug habits cured. We want the worst cases. Book and references FREE. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, Box 3, Atlanta, Ga.

PENSIONS on age, disability and Widowhood; P. I. or any U. S. Service. LAWS FREE. A. W. McCORMICK & SONS, Cincinnati, O.; Washington, D. C.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.
Genuine
Carter's
Little Liver Pills.
Must Bear Signature of
Brent Good
See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSHESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION
GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.
Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good
CURE SICK HEADACHE.

20,000
HARVEST HANDS
160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE
Required to harvest the grain crop of Western CANADA. The most abundant yield on the Continent. Reports are that the average yield of No. 1 Hard Wheat in Western Canada will be over thirty bushels to the acre. Prices for farm help will be excellent. Splendid Ranching Lands adjoining the Wheat Belt.
EXCURSIONS will be run from all points in the United States to the FREE GRANT LANDS. Secure a home at once, and if you wish to purchase at prevailing prices, and secure the advantage of the low rates, apply for Literature, Rates, etc., to F. PEDLEY, Supt. Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to JOS. YOUNG, 51½ State St., Columbus, O., Canadian Government Agent.

When visiting Buffalo, do not fail to see the CANADIAN EXHIBIT at the Pan-American.

WANTED GENTLEMAN or LADY AGENT, only one in each town, to SELL TEA at importer's prices. WRITE QUICKLY to HOME TEA CO., 32 Pearl Street, New York.

RHEUMATISM Van Buren's Rheumatic Compound is the only positive cure. Past experience speaks for itself. Depot 58 S. California Ave., Chicago.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

A. N. K.—C 1878

STARK TREES best by Test—77 YEARS LARGEST Nurseries. FRUIT BOOK free. We WANT MORE SALESMEN PAY CASH Weekly STARK BROS. Louisiana, Mo.; Dansville, N. Y.; Etc.

EDUCATIONAL.

HOPEDALE COLLEGE Hopedale, O. Classical, philosophical, scientific, normal, commercial, and post-graduate courses; books rented; R.R. fare free; $160 a yr., and a plan to earn that. Catalog free. W. A. WILLIAMS, D. D., Pres't.

SOZODONT insures your Teeth 25c
At all Stores, or by mail for the price. HALL & RUCKEL, New York.

YELLOW JACK

that dreadful fiend that threatens the beautiful sunny south every summer can attack and kill only those whose bodies are not kept thoroughly cleaned out, purified and disinfected the year round. One whose liver is dead, whose bowels and stomach are full of half decayed food, whose whole body is unclean inside, is a quick and ready victim of yellow jack.

If you want to be safe against the scourge, keep in good health all summer, whether yellow jack puts in an appearance or not, *keep clean inside!* Use a mild laxative, that will make your bowels strong and healthy, and keep them pure and clean, protected against any and *all epidemic diseases.* It's Cascarets, that will keep and save you. Take them regularly and you will find that all infectious diseases are absolutely

PREVENTED BY
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
BEST FOR THE BOWELS
THIS IS CCC THE TABLET.
10c. 25c. 50c.
ALL DRUGGISTS

CASCARETS are absolutely harmless, a purely vegetable compound. No mercurial or other mineral pill-poison in CASCARETS. CASCARETS promptly, effectively and permanently cure every disorder of the Stomach, Liver and Intestines. They not only cure constipation, but correct any and every form of irregularity of the bowels, including diarrhœa and dysentry. Pleasant, palatable, potent. Taste good, do good. Never sicken, weaken or gripe. Write for booklet and free sample. Address STERLING REMEDY CO., CHICAGO or NEW YORK. 428

CELERY KING
NATURE'S CURE
TRADE MARK

Dangerous Kidney Diseases.

Celery King has cured me of kidney disease. The doctor feared Bright's disease, and tried many remedies that gave me no help. Celery King has made me as well as ever in my life, and it seems almost as though a miracle had been wrought in my case.—Jennie O. Reichard, Springtown, Pa.

Celery King cures Constipation and Nerve, Stomach, Liver and Kidney diseases. 4

Sold by R. C. Dodson, Emporium, Pa

HUMPHREYS'

Witch Hazel Oil

THE PILE OINTMENT.

One Application Gives Relief.

It cures Piles or Hemorrhoids—External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding, Itching or Burning, Fissures and Fistulas. Relief immediate—cure certain.

It cures Burns and Scalds. The relief instant.

It cures Inflamed or Caked Breasts and Sore Nipples. Invaluable.

It cures Salt Rheum, Tetters, Scurfy Eruptions, Chapped Hands, Fever Blisters, Sore Lips or Nostrils. Corns, Bunions, Sore and Chafed Feet, Stings of insects, Mosquito Bites and Sunburns.

Three Sizes, 25c., 50c. and $1.00

Sold by Druggists, or sent pre-paid on receipt of price.

HUMPHREYS' MED. CO.,
Cor. William & John Sts., NEW YORK.

Kodol
Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps and all other results of imperfect digestion.

Price 50c. and $1. Large size contains 2½ times small size. Book all about dyspepsia mailed free

Prepared by E. C. DeWITT & CO., Chicago

The Blues

is one signal which foretells physical decay. Another is pale lifeless skin.

The muscles shrink and become flabby; the body becomes emaciated, and there is an early tendency to round shoulders. The step lacks elasticity, the nerves become weak; mental and physical activity are a burden.

This condition is called *Nervous Debility;* it is cured by the use of

Sexine Pills

They feed the hungry nerves, revive the weakened organs and make life brighter and sweeter to any man or woman who has suffered from physical drains.

$1.00 per box; 6 boxes (with legal guarantee to cure or refund the money), $5.00. Book free. PEAL MEDICINE Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by R. C. Dodson, Emporium, Pa. 51

Photographed from Life.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

Made a Well Man of Me.

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address

ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 1620 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.

For Sale in Emporium, by R. C. Dodson.

PILES A cure guaranteed if you use RUDY'S PILE **Suppository**

D. Matt. Thompson, Supt. Graded Schools, Statesville, N. C., writes: "I can say they do all you claim for them." Dr. S. M. Devore, Raven Rock, W. Va., writes: "They give universal satisfaction." Dr. H. D. McGill, Clarksburg, Tenn., writes: "In a practice of 23 years, I have found no remedy to equal yours." Price, 50 Cents. Samples Free. Sold by Druggists. MARTIN RUDY, LANCASTER, PA.

Sold in Emporium by L. Taggart. Call for free sample.

DR. FENNER'S
Purifies the Blood — **Blood & Liver** — Builds up the Nerves
REMEDY AND
NERVE TONIC.

R. C. Dodson, Agent,
35-9ly. Emporium, Pa

DR. CALDWELL'S SYRUP PEPSIN
CURES INDIGESTION.

A YOUNG LADY'S LIFE SAVED.

At Panama, Columbia, by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diahrhoea Remedy.

Dr. Chas. H. Utter, a prominent physician, of Panama, Columbia, in a recent letter states: "Last march I had as a patient a young lady sixteen years of age who had a very bad attack of dysentery. Everything I prescribed for her proved ineffectual and she was growing worse every hour. Her parents were sure she would die. She had become so weak that she could not turn over in bed. What to do at this critical moment was a study for me, but I thought of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and as a last resort prescribed it. The most wonderful result was effected. Within eight hours she was feeling much better; inside of three days she was upon her feet and at the end of one week was entirely well." For sale by L. Taggart.

Uncle Sam continues to become more and more of a goldbug.

E. B. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine **Laxative Bromo-Quinine** Tablets the remedy that **cures a cold in one day**

The fire of the whole navy is being blanketed in the Schley case.

A Cure for Cholera Infantum.

"Last May," says Mrs. Curtis Baker, of Bookwalter, Ohio, "an infant child of our neighbor's was suffering from cholera infantum. The doctor had given up all hopes of recovery. I took a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy to the house, telling them I felt sure it would do good if used according to directions. In two days' time the child had fully recovered, and is now (nearly a year since) a vigorous healthy girl. I have recommended this Remedy frequently and have never known it to fail in any single instance." For sale by L. Taggart.

The announcement that Rockfeller has $945,000,000 is likely to increase his mail business.

Nerves Like a Flat-Iron.

A woman who suffered for three years from nervous prostration says, two bottles of Lichty's Celery Nerve Compound effected a complete cure. She hardly knows today whether she has nerves or not, as she never feels them. It is certainly a wonderful remedy. Sold by L. Taggart.

The difficulty of determining when the mushroom is loaded is again causing trouble.

The laws of health require that the bowels move once each day and one of the penalties for violating this law is piles. Keep your bowels regular by taking a dose of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets when necessary and you will never have that severe punishment inflicted upon you. Price, 25 cents. For sale by L. Taggart.

That golf was fatal was found out as long ago as the battle of Bunker hill.

What most people want is something mild and gentle, when in need of a physic. Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets fill the bill to a dot. They are easy to take and pleasant in effect. For sale by L. Taggart.

According to the latest reports there's only one club in this world for us.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy has a world wide reputation for its cures. It never fails and is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by L. Taggart.

If the soda fountains may not sizz why allow the sizzing of the sizzard?

A. J. Cottingham went to Washington County, Ark., to see his sister and while there was taken with flux (dysentery) and was very bad off. He decided to try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and was so much pleased with the prompt cure which it effected, that he wrote the manufacturers a letter in praise of their medicine. Mr. Cottingham resides at Lockland, Ark. This remedy is for sale by L. Taggart.

Chicago hold-up artists are not upholding the reputation of the craft.

The Only Headache Cure.

Frank J. Baker, of Colorado Springs, says: "Krause's Headache Capsules is the only remedy that ever checked my sick headache, and I have cured scores of my friends with them." Price 25c. Sold by L. Taggart.

That dry plate combine sounds like a new temperance dinner scheme

Good Advice.

The most miserable beings in the world are those suffering from Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint. More than seventy-five per cent. of the people in the United States are afflicted with these diseases and their effects; such a Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitation of the Heart, Heart Burn, Waterbrash, Gnawing and Burning pains at the Pit of the Stomach, yellow Skin, Coated Tongue and Disagreeable Taste in the mouth, Coming up of Food after Eating, Low Spirits, etc. Go to your Druggist and get a bottle of August Flower for 75 cents. Two doses will relieve you. Try it. Sold by L. Taggart. Get Green's Prize Almanac.

1n34eow

Females and Weakly Persons.

At this season should use Speer's Port Grape Wine. Physicians recommend it as a strengthening and blood-purifying tonic and the best wine to be obtained.

ALL SORTS.

O. O. Buck, Beirne, Ark., says: I was troubled with constipation until I bought DeWitt's Little Risers. Since then have been entirely cured of my old complaint. I recommend them. R. C. Dodson.

There's a notable increase in the prevalence of balloonacy.

For digestive weakness, nervousness, pains in the side, flatulence, dizzieness, wakefulness, headache and other annoying accompaniments of costiveness. HERBINE is a prompt and unequalled remedy. Price, 50 cents. L. Taggart.

It doesn't appear to be profitable to draw to a corn king.

If the action of your bowels is not easy and regular serious complications must be the final results. DeWitt's Little Early Risers will remove this danger. Safe, pleasant and effective. R. C. Dodson.

It was a little mean not to give Rockefeller a round billion.

James White, Bryantsville, Ind., says DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve healed running sores on both legs. He had suffered 6 years. Doctors failed to help him. Get DeWitt's. Accept no imitations. R. C. Dodson.

The Texas oil belt has been perspiring unusually this week.

Extreme hot weather is a great tax upon the digestive power of babies; when puny and feeble they should be given a dose of WHITE,S CREAM VERMIFUGUE. Price, 25 cents. L. Taggart.

Going to Atlantic Oity is getting to be frightfully common.

Eruptions, cuts, burns, scalds and sores of all kinds quickly healed by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Certtain cure for piles. Beware of counterfeits. Be sure you get the original—DeWitt's. R. C. Dodson.

Oleo men are not feeling so blue over the color clause.

For mosquito bites, bites or stings of insects, animals or reptiles, apply BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It counteracts the poison in the wound, subdues the inflammation and heals the flesh. Price, 25 and 50 cents. L. Taggart.

There is nothing wrong with the front end of August.

Mrs. S. H. Allport, Johnstown, Pa., says: "Our little girl almost strangled to death with croup. The doctors said she couldn't live but she was instantly relieved by One Minute Cough Cure. R. C. Dodson.

After all a trolley car can sail faster than a yacht.

Plump cheeks, flushed with the soft glow of health, and a pure complexion makes all women beautiful. HERBINE imparts strength and vitality to the system, and the rosy hue of health to the cheeks. Price, 50 cents. L. Taggart.

It is a peculiarity of corn kings to have short reigns.

In cases of cough or croup give the little one One Minute Cough Cure. Then rest easy and have no fear. The child will be all right in a little while. It never fails. Pleasant to take always safe, sure and almost instantaneous in effect. R. C. Dodson.

Rockefeller is able to buy ducks in carload lots.

Constipation, impaired digestion and a torpid liver, are the most common ailments that are responsible for that tired, listless, tagged-out feeling that makes the summer a dreaded period to so many people. HERBINE will cure constipation, it improves the digestion and arouses the liver to normal activity. Price, 50 cents. L. Taggart.

The change could hardly be called a blizzard.

P. T. Thomas, Sumterville, Ala., "I was suffering from dyspepsia when I commenced taking Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. I took several bottles and can digest anything." Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is the only preparation containing all the natural digestive fluids. It gives weak stomachs entire rest, restoring their natural condition. R. C. Dodson.

It the navy cannot talk about the Schley case there will be many pauses in naval conversation.

Piles are not only in, and of themselves very painful and annoying, but often greatly aggravate and even cause other grave and painful affiictions, and should, therefore not be neglected. TABLER'S BUCKEYE PILE OINTMENT is a great boon to sufferers as it will cure them. Price, 50 cents in bottles. Tubes, 75 cents.—L. Taggart.

Pure elections in Virginia are liable to violently shock the systems of some Old Dominion politicians.

Don't be satisfied with temporary relief from indigestion. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure permanently and completely removes this complaint. It relieves permanently because it allows the tired stomach perfect rest. Dieting won't rest the stomach. Nature receives supplies from the food we eat. The sensible way to help the stomach is to use Kodol Dyspepsia Cure, which digests what you eat and can't help but do you good. R. C. Dodson.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c. 26ly

Stop Colds

When you feel one coming on by taking Krause's Cold Cure. Prepared in convenient capsules that cure while you work. Price 25c. Sold by L. Taggart.

ELKS' FAIR AND CARNIVAL.

Reduced Rates to St. Mary's via Pennsylvania Railroad.

On account of the Fair and Carnival of the B. P. O. E., at St Marys, Pa, August 28 to 31, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets, good going on those dates and good to return until September 1, inclusive, to St. Marys, from Lock Haven, Erie, Reynoldsville, Olean, and intermediate stations, at *reduced rates* (minimum rate, 25 cents).

REDUCED RATES TO LOUISVILLE.

Via Pennsylvania Railroad, Account Triennial Conclave, Knights Templar.

On account of the Triennial Conclave of the Knights Templar, to be held in Louisville, Ky., August 27 to 31, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets from August 32 to 25, inclusive, to Louisville and return, at rate of one first-class fare for the round trip. These tickets will be good to return until September 2, inclusive, but if ticket is deposited by the original purchaser with Joint Agent at Louisville not earlier than August 28, nor later than September 2, and a fee of fifty cents is paid at the time of deposit, an extension of the return limit may be had until September 16.

26-2084-2t

REDUCED RATES TO THE SEASHORE.

Annual Low-Rate Excursions to Atlantic City, Cape May, etc., via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The next Pennsylvania Railroad low-rate fifteen-day excursion from Erie, Rouseville, Tionesta, Rochester, Bradford, Clermont, DuBois, and principal intermediate stations to Renovo, inclusive, to Atlantic City, Cape May, Ocean City, Sea Isle City, Avalon, Anglesea, Wildwood, or Holly Beach, will be run on Thursday, August 22, 1901.

Excursion tickets, good to return by regular trains within fifteen days, will be sold at very low rates. Tickets to Atlantic City will be sold via the Delaware River Bridge Route, *the only all-rail line,* or via Market Street Wharf, Philadelphia.

Stop over can be had at Philadelphia, either going or returning.

For information in regard to specific rates and time of trains consult hand bills, apply to ticket agents, E. S. Harrer, Division Ticket Agent, Williamsport, Pa., or J. A. Fellows, Division Ticket Agent, Buffalo, N. Y.

2077-25-2t

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

Safe. Always reliable. **Ladies,** ask Druggist for **CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH** in **Red** and **Gold** metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. **Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations.** Buy of your Druggist, or send **4c.** in stamps for **Particulars, Testimonials** and **"Relief for Ladies,"** in letter, by **return Mail, 10,000** Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists.

CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO.
2100 Madison Square, PHILA., PA.
Mention this paper.

Get an Education

An exceptional opportunity offered to young men and young women to prepare for teaching or for business. Four regular courses; also special work in Music, Shorthand, Typewriting. Strong teaching force, well graded work, good discipline and hard study, insure best results to students of

Central State Normal School

LOCK HAVEN, Clinton Co., PA.

Handsome buildings perfectly equipped, steam heat, electric lights, abundance of pure mountain water, extensive campus and athletic grounds. Expenses low. Send for catalog.

J. P. FLICKINGER, Principal,
Central State Normal School,
LOCK HAVEN, PA.

Good Tailoring

AT SMALL PRICES.

COME to my place, pick out your cloth, let me measure you, and have your clothes made by one of the greatest tailoring establishments in the world.

It will cost less than the same suit made by an ordinary tailor, almost as little as ready-made clothes cost; and you will have perfect fit, good cloth, good making and right style.

Messrs. Wanamaker & Brown, of Philadelphia, do the work. They have been doing it for forty years. They have a big business in Philadelphia and have branches in over a thousand cities in the United States.

They buy cloth by hundreds of thousands of yards, keep about a hundred men busy cutting into suits, hundreds more tailoring it and sewing it; one man, who does nothing but buy cloth and linings and buttons; another, who designs the styles (he knows all about what London is doing—also what I'm telling him about your wants); another, who keeps the big army of tailors doing their work right.

It is one great big perfect-working machine; and yet the work it does for you is as individual as if you were their only customers.

The Fall and Winter Cloths are ready now, and they are beautiful.

Any tailor can show you beautiful cloths; but I am talking of beauty that is more than skin deep. It is in the way these cloths are treated, how the clothes fit, how they wear.

Messrs. Wanamaker & Brown authorize me to give you perfect satisfaction, whatever it costs.

W. A. MILLER,
EMPORIUM, PA.

DR. CALDWELL'S SYRUP PEPSIN
CURES CONSTIPATION.

PEOPLE'S COLUMN.

FOR RENT.

ACCOMMODATIONS in private family. Reasonable rates. Convenient to cars, and 30 minutes walk to the Pan-American grounds. Secure rooms in advance.

MRS. GEORGE GRIDLEY,
7 Ada Place, Buffalo, N. Y. Take Jefferson car to Lyth Ave. 75 cents per night for one or $1.50 per room.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, five minutes ride from Pan-American grounds. Address

MRS. N. M. GOULD,
428 Ashland Ave.,
11-tf Buffalo, N. Y.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A good residence, in pleasant part of town; water and gas; good barn. Located on West Fifth street. Emporium. For further information apply to PRESS office. 23tf

FOR SALE—A livery stock for sale in a good livery town, consisting of nine head of fine horses and a complete outfit for the same. Address, Box No. 242, Port Allegany, Pa. 20-eow

FOR SALE—New and Popular Books, 10 cents each. Each book containing 64 large double column pages. Paper covers. "Joker's Budget." "Fireside Games," "Modern Entertainments," "The National Handy Dictionary," "Money-Making Secrets," "Etiquette of Courtship," "Humorous Dialogues," "Humorous Recitations," "The Minstrel Show," "Detective Stories," "The Mystic Oracle," "Outdoor Games," "Women May Earn Money," "Astrology Made Easy," "Dialect Recitations," "Fifteen Complete Novelettes," "The Handy Cyclopedia," "75 Complete Stories," "Mesmerism and Clairvoyance," "156 Popular Songs," "Mrs. Partington's Grab Bag," "The Art of Ventriloquism," "Dramatic Recitations," "Famous Comic Recitations," "A Cart-Load of Fun," and "Parlor Magic."

SPECIAL OFFER—We will send any 4 books described, postpaid, for 25c.

11-13t E. T. DRUM & CO., Warren, Pa.

COURT PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS:—The Hon. CHAS. A. MAYER President Judge and the Hons. JOHN MCDONALD and GEO. A. WALKER, Associate Judges of Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas for the county of Cameron have issued their precept bearing date the 16th day of July, A. D., 1901, and to me directed for holding a Special Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in the Borough of Emporium, Pa., on Monday, the 26th day of Aug. 1901, at 10 o'clock, a. m. and to continue one week.

Notice is hereby given to the Coroners, Justices of the Peace and Constables within the county, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock, a. m., of said day, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations, and other rememberances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those who are bound by their recognizance to prosecute against them as will be just.

Dated at Emporium, Pa., July 16th, 1901, and in the 125th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

J. D. SWOPE, Sheriff.

TABLER'S BUCKEYE PILE OINTMENT

CURES NOTHING BUT PILES.

A SURE and CERTAIN CURE known for 15 years as the BEST REMEDY for PILES.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Prepared by RICHARDSON MED. CO., ST. LOUIS.

For sale by L. Taggart. 35-26-1y.

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION PROPOSED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Represenatives of the Commonwealth in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:

Amendment One to Article Eight, Section One.

Add at the end of the first paragraph of said section, after the words "shall be entitled to vote at all elections," the words "subject however to such laws requiring and regulating the registration of electors as the General Assembly may enact," so that the said section shall read as follows:

Section 1. Qualifications of Electors. Every male citizens twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections, subject however to such laws requiring and regulating the registration of electors as the General Assembly may enact:

1. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

2. He shall have resided in the State one year (or having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the State, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months,) immediately preceding the election.

3. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

4. If twenty-two years of age and upwards, he shall have paid with two years a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election.

Amendment Two to Article Eight, Section Seven.

Strike out from said section the words "but no elector shall be deprived of the privilege of voting by reason of his name not being registered," and add to said section the following words, "but laws regulating and requiring the registration of electors may be enacted to apply to cities only, provided that such laws be uniform for cities of the same class," so that the said section shall read as follows:

Section 7. Uniformity of Election laws.—All laws regulating the holding of elections by the citizens or for the registration of electors shall be uniform throughout the State, but laws regulating and requiring the registration of electors may be enacted to apply to cities only, provided that such laws be uniform for cities of the same class.

A true copy of the Joint Resolution.

W. W. GRIEST,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION PROPOSED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the Eighteenth article thereof.

Amendment.

Strike out section four of article eight, and insert in place thereof as follows:

Section 4. All elections by the citizens shall be by ballot or by such other method as may be prescribed by law: Provided, That secrecy in voting be preserved.

A true copy of the Joint Resolution.

W. W. GRIEST,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Madam French Female Dean's Pills.

A safe, certain relief for Suppressed Menstruation. Never known to fail. Safe! Sure! Speedy! Satisfaction Guaranteed or money Refunded. Sent prepaid for $1.00 per box. Will send them on trial, to be paid for when relieved. Samples Free.

UNITED MEDICAL CO., Box 74, LANCASTER, PA.

Sold in Emporium by L. Taggart.

Balcom & Lloyd.

Prepared For the Season

We have opened and are displaying a choice line of . .

FANCY DRY GOODS

specially selected for the . .

Summer Season.

We have gathered such articles a combine elegance with utility and at

Very Reasonable ~ Prices ~

Balcom & Lloyd.